THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOL. 46. FRIDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 2, 1831. NO. 100.

PUBLISHED BY
NEVILLE B. CRAIG,
NEAR THE S. W. CORNER OF THE DIAMOND.

TERMS.

The Gazette is published semi-weekly, (on Tuesday and Friday,) at Four dollars per annum, payable half yearly in advance.

The Gazette is also published weekly, (on Friday,) at Two dollars per annum in advance,—or Three dollars at the end of the year.

WILLIAMSON'S EXCHANGE
PITTSBURGH.

THIS new and extensive Hotel, believed to be one of the best in the United States, is now open for the accommodation of the public.—The advertiser, well known as the conductor of a public house in the cities of Baltimore and Washington, takes this method of informing those who have heretofore patronized him, and travelers generally, that his entire efforts shall be directed to the comfort, ease, and quietude of all who may favor him with their custom. He appeals to his old friends for a "passing word" to strangers who may have occasion to visit Pittsburgh, pledging himself that nothing shall be wanting, on his part, to make their sojourn as agreeable as possible. Charges will be much the same as in the other respectable Hotels. The best servants from the Atlantic cities will be immediately engaged. The proprietor respectfully invites a call.

☞The Gazette, Cincinnati, Advertiser, Louisville, Courier, New Orleans, Intelligencer, Washington, Commercial Advertiser, New York, will insert the above every other day for one month, and forward their accounts to this office within that time.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 24.—tf.

FOR RENT,

THE EAGLE STEAM MILL, for manufacturing Flour.

ALSO,

THE FOUNDRY now occupied by Messrs. Kingsland, Lightner & Co., situate on the Monongahela river and Suke's run. Possession to be had on the 1st of April next.

Apply at the Office of the Bank of the United States. January 11.—tf

WHOLESALE CHINA, GLASS
AND
EARTHENWARE HOUSES.

THE subscribers offer a large and well selected stock, of all kinds and the latest patterns of goods in their line, imported direct from the English and French Potteries, by the way of New Orleans. They with confidence, therefore, invite all western merchants from the states of Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee, Indiana, Illinois, and Missouri, who have been in the habit of getting their ware from the eastern cities, (over the mountains) to call and examine for themselves.

Their terms are, to pack to order at Philadelphia prices, with an addition of 1¼ cents per pound carriage, cash.— Credit arrangements can be made from three to twelve months. From their experience in the trade, they feel competent and pledge themselves to do every thing in their power to give satisfaction. All ware packed at their establishments will be insured, with proper handling, to open sound, for one per cent.

THOMAS G. GAYLORD, *Pittsburgh, Pa.*
H. H. GAYLORD & Co. *Wheeling, Va.*

February 12, 1830.—tf

Bakewell, Page, & Bakewells,
FLINT GLASS MANUFACTURERS,
Have for sale, an assortment of
Astral or Sinumbral LAMPS,
ON PEDESTALS AND FOR SUSPENSION.
ALSO,
Tuscan, Vase, Mantel & Chamber Lamps,

WHICH, in addition to their usual stock of *PLAIN AND CUT FLINT GLASS*, Patent Moulded, Plain and Cut *Bureau Mountings*, &c. &c. will be disposed of on the lowest terms. Pittsburgh, Nov. 23—tf.

DOMESTIC CLOTH HALL,
No. 72 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

HAMILTON STEWART,
MANUFACTURER OF
Linen and Cotton Goods,

WHICH he offers for sale at eastern manufacturers' prices, without any addition of carriage, at 3, 4, or 6 months acceptances.

N. B.—Five per cent. discount on all orders exceeding $100. March 19—tf.

The Pittsburgh and Coal Hill Turnpike Road.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given, that books will be opened at the Bookstore of H. Holdship & Son, in the city of Pittsburgh, on Monday the 24th day of March next, to receive subscriptions for the Stock in a company to be entitled "*The President, Managers and Company of the Pittsburgh and Coal Hill Turnpike Road;*" intended for the purpose of making an artificial Road from the city of Pittsburgh, to a point at or near the house of Wm. Farrow, in Pitt township, at which time and place one or more of the under signed will attend.

WM. WILKINS,
HENRY HOLDSHIP,
WM. B. FOSTER,
PETER MOWRY,
WM. PORTER,
WM. ARTHURS,
JAMES BROWN,
} *Commis'nrs.*

Feb. 22, 1828.—tf.

TO IRON FOUNDERS.

TO BE LET, The Iron Foundry, situated on Water street near Grant, lately occupied by Sours & Kingsland. On the premises are a Double Stack and Furnace, Core Oven, Crane, &c. in good order. Apply to

BAKEWELL, PAGE & BAKEWELLS.

☞N. B.—Immediate possession can be given. February 18—tf

EXCHANGE.

WANTED, Michigan and Canada paper.—The highest price given for English, French, and American Gold.

GEORGE A. COOK,
Lottery and Exchange Broker, No 68 Wood st.
Pittsburgh, May 31.

NOTICE.

CHRIS'R MAGEE having taken his nephew, C. L. MAGEE, into partnership, the public are respectfully informed that the business heretofore conducted by him will be continued under the firm of C. & C. L. MAGEE, at the old stand, No. 40 Market street, between Second and Third streets, where they will keep a constant supply of HATS, of the first rate workmanship, and of the newest fashion, which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms.

CHRIS'R MAGEE.
C. L. MAGEE.

Pittsburgh, May 10, 1831.—tf

CHEAP QUEENSWARE.

WETMORE & HAVENS, No. 112 Second street, near Wood street, Pittsburgh, are now receiving their spring supplies of QUEENSWARE AND CHINA, being the manufacture of the first houses in Staffordshire, England.

All ware sold by them is re-packed by careful and experienced hands. Purchasers are consequently not subjected to the risk of getting inferior, crazed and broken ware, which is too generally the case with goods assorted in England, and sent out to be sold in our markets by the original package.

Their personal attention will, as heretofore, be given for the selection and packing of all ware bought of them. Liberal discounts for Cash.

Feb. 25—tf

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the estate of James Sample, Esq. late of Ross township, deceased, are hereby requested to make payment to the subscribers; and all creditors are requested to present their claims to the said subscribers.

FOR SALE,

A Tract of land, situated on the Allegheny river and Pennsylvania canal, three miles above Pittsburgh, containing two hundred acres, one hundred of which are cleared and in good order, on which are a good barn and a good orchard.

The Docket of the deceased is placed in the hands of Thomas Sample, Esq. of Allegheny.

THOMAS SAMPLE, } Executors.
WILLIAM SAMPLE, }

February 25, 1831.—tf.

FOR THE CURE OF THE TOOTH-ACHE.—The subscribers, having united in the purchase of all Dr. Thomas White's right, (as expressed in his Letters Patent, obtained of the United States, on the 29th July, 1829,) to make and sell the said White's Celebrated Tooth-Ache Drops, in the county of Allegheny, are prepared to supply the city and county with any quantity of said Drops, and warrant them *genuine*.—Sold at Retail, by E. HALE, Surgeon Dentist, at his office, No 70 Fourth street; Wholesale, by JOHN HANNEN & Co., corner of Market and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh.

E. HALE, Dentist,
J. HANNEN, Druggist.

☞The subscriber, in his practice as a Dentist, having successfully and to a considerable extent used "Doctor T. White's Vegetable Tooth Ache Drops," can recommend them, when *genuine*, as superior to any other remedy now in use. If obtained of the subscriber, a *cure* is *guarantied*.

A certificate of the Patentee may be seen at the office of the subscriber, No. 70 Fourth street, near Wood: where all Dental operations will be performed to the satisfaction of the patient, or no charges required.

E. HALE, Surgeon Dentist.

April 15—tf

CIRCULAR.

Pittsburgh, January 20, 1831.

WE beg leave to inform our friends and the public generally, that we have formed a Copartnership, for the purpose of transacting a *General Commission Business* in this place, under the firm of DOBBIN & IRWIN, and that we have taken that spacious Warehouse, on the corner of Second and Ferry streets, lately occupied by Messrs. R. Lindell & Co., where we are prepared to attend to such business as our friends may favor us with.

Mr. Leonard Dobbin will supply the place of his brother, in attending to the business of the house; and with his personal attention, united to a determination of pursuing a well regulated system of attention and punctuality, we hope to prove ourselves worthy the confidence of our friends and correspondents, whose interests it will be our study to promote, adhering strictly to their instructions.

H. R. DOBBIN,
JAMES S. IRWIN.

February 18, 1831—tf

WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERY!

JAMES BROWN, having taken into partnership his nephew, JAMES W. BROWN, respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has removed to his new warehouse, No. 140 Liberty street, where the business will be conducted under the firm of JAMES W. BROWN & CO., who are now receiving an extensive assortment of GROCERIES and LIQUORS, comprising the following, viz:

Rio, Porto Rico, Laguira, St. Dom. & Java Coffee;
Young Hyson, Gunpowder, and Imperial Teas;
Single and Double Refined Loaf Sugar;
Bengal and Caracas Indigo;
James river Tobacco, and best Spanish Segars;
Madder, Ginger, Alum, Rice, &c.;
Pepper, Alspice, Cloves, &c.;
Best Bloom, Bunch, Muscatel and Keg Raisins;
Mackeral, Herring, and No. 1 Trimmed Shad;
New Orleans Sugar, by the hhd. and bbl.;
5 tons Campeachy Logwood:
Superior Hourglass Holland Gin;
Cogniac and Common Brandy;
Madeira, Ten'ffe, Port, Malaga, & Sherry Wines;
Jamaica Spirits, and N. E. Rum;
Whiskey, Flour, Bacon, &c. &c.;
500 bbls. Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Salt;

All of which will be sold low, wholesale or retail, for cash or approved paper.

Country merchants and others will please favor us with a call, previous to purchasing, as they might find it to their advantage.

JAMES W. BROWN & CO.

☞The highest price given, in Cash or Groceries, for Rags, Bacon, Beeswax, Flour, Whiskey, Cheese, &c. &c.

☞The Ravenna Courier, Beaver Argus, Butler Repository, Canton Repository, Steubenville Herald, will insert the above six times, and charge this office. June 24—tf

50 BARRELS No. 1 Mackerel,
75 do. No. 2 do.
25 do. No. 3 do.
100 Barrels New Orleans Molasses.
25 Hogsheads New Orleans Sugar.
2 Barrels Cocoa Nuts.

Received per late arrivals, and for sale by
RIDDLE, FORSYTH & CO.

May 10, 1831.—tf

WATERS' improved Cast and Shear Steel Corn and Grass SCYTHES; Shear and Cast Steel Axes; Improved Steel Spades and Shovels; Hoes, Hatchets—constantly on hand and for sale by RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.

March 11.—tf

WOOL—The highest price will be given for clean washed common wool, by
RIDDLE, FORSYTH & CO.

May 10—tf

G. MERRITT, DENTIST.

NO. 65 FOURTH STREET, between Market and Wood, Pittsburgh. July 29

WATERS' Improved Cast steel Axes; do. do. Waldren Corn and Grass Scythes; Waters' Improved Steel Spades and Shovels; do. do. do. Hoes; do. Picks, Broad Axes, Hatchets, Hay and Manure Forks; constantly on hand and for sale by July 26, 1831—tf. LITTLE & HAYS.

TO MANUFACTURERS, &c.

THE subscribers respectfully inform their friends, and the public generally, that they have their Machine Shop in complete operation; and having experienced workmen, they are prepared to build

WOOLLEN AND COTTON MACHINERY,

of every description, and of the most approved kind. They will build Woollen or Cotton Machinery to any pattern, to suit purchasers, and will warrant it to be equal in workmanship, and to perform as well as any that can be brought over the mountains, (New Jersey not excepted;) and they will furnish it at the eastern prices, which will be a saving to the purchaser who buys here, of the carriage, together with the necessary expenses attending transportation.

With a view to encourage our home manufactures, and to be encouraged, the terms of payment will be made accommodating.—Shearing Machines, Shear Blades, Turning Lathes, Fire Engines, Screw Plates and Taps, Governors for Engines, and Turning of every description, will be done to order at a short notice.

F. A. BEMIS & Co.
No. 24, Water Street, Pittsburgh.

Feb. 5, 1830—tf.

LEADEN PIPE.

I HAVE commenced the manufacture of LEADEN PIPE, and will furnish and lay the same, at the most reasonable rate. Any quantity required, warranted to be of the best quality, will be furnish, ed at the shortest notice. JOHN SHERIFF.

Nov. 28, 1828.—tf.

TO LET,

A DWELLING HOUSE with or without the Store room in front. And also, a large Store or Warehouse on St. Clair street.

JOS. PATTERSON.

Feb. 5th, 1830.—tf.

DE LA MONTERAT'S
Columbian Vegetable Specific,

FOR *the cure of Consumptions, Asthma, Pleurisy, Spitting of Blood, and Pulmonary affections of every kind. The most valuable remedy ever discovered for the cure of Consumption and all diseases of the breast and lungs leading to Consumptions.*

DOCTOR RUSH'S
Anti-Dyspeptic or Sour Stomach PILLS,

An invaluable remedy for indigestion in its most complicated forms.

☞Sold by THOMPSON & MILLER, at their Drug Warehouse, No. 81 Wood street, Pittsburgh; and also by CHAS. AVERY & CO., corner of Wood and Second streets. March 4—1y

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS STORE,

Corner of Wood and Third streets, opposite Griffith's Hotel, and in the house lately occupied by W. Bell & Co.

I HAVE opened a general assortment of DRY GOODS at the above stand, which will be sold at fair market prices, by the piece or package only. My friends and dealers are invited to call. C. CURTIS.

April 15—tf

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS, having disposed of their interest in the house of Riddle, Forsyth & Co. retired from the concern on the 7th instant. The transactions of the house are continued as heretofore under the firm of

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & CO.

Mr. Jacob Forsyth, late of Louisville, and Mr. Robert M. Riddle, of this city, succeed us in the active management of the concern, and will devote their whole attention to its business. We have entire confidence in the ability and disposition of our successors to promote the interest of their correspondents, and would therefore recommend them as deserving the continued support and favor of our friends.

JOHN S. RIDDLE,
JOHN D. BAIRD.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 18, 1831.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—*John S. Riddle*, (late of the house of Riddle, Forsyth & Co. Pittsburgh,) has formed a connexion with *Washington Jackson*, of Philadelphia. The house will be conducted under the firm of

Washington Jackson & Riddle,

No. 20, South Front street,
PHILADELPHIA.

They will make purchases and effect sales for foreign accounts, and will be pleased to receive consignments of the staples and produce of the west, making liberal advances on all goods addressed to them for sale.

☞The Cincinnati Advertiser, Cincinnati Gazette, Louisville Advertiser, Louisville Journal, Nashville Republican, and Nashville Whig and Banner, Florence Gazette, and Lexington Reporter, will insert the above advertisements once a week for three months, and send their bills to this office. January 18—tf

☞*PLOWMAN'S PRINTING INK*

PLOWMAN'S Superior PRINTING INK, for fall use, in kegs containing 24 lbs., for sale by HOGAN & Co., Corner of Front and Market streets. Pittsburgh, Sept. 10.—tf.

New Catholic Books.

JOHN I. KAY & CO., Booksellers, No. 51 Market street, have lately received the following CATHOLIC BOOKS, which, in addition to their former stock, comprise a valuable assortment, viz:

Cobbett's History of the Reformation;
Grounds for being a Roman Catholic;
Fifty Reasons for being a Roman Catholic;
Thomas a Kempis;
Garden of the Soul, by Challoner;
Gahan's Church History;
Reeves' Bible History;
Mrs. Herbert and the Villagers;
Key to Paradise; Life of St. Patrick;
Visits to Blessed Sacrament;
Father Rowland; Indian Cottage, &c. &c. &c. &c.

Also on hand, a large variety of Douay Bibles, Testaments, and Prayer Books. Aug 19—6

TILT HAMMERED SPADES & SHOVELS.

BARTRAM'S Hammered Spades and Shovels, warranted of a superior quality. Also, Bartram's Prime Axes, Mattocks, Canal Picks, Hoes, Trace Chains, Log Chains, &c. For sale by S. P. DARLINGTON & Co.

Corner of Fourth and Wood streets.

March 22, 1831.—tf

☞BANK NOTE EXCHANGE.☜

Ohio paper Generally, one half per-ct.

	pr. ct.		
Erie,	½	Urban. Bk. Co.	3 to 5
Virginia,	1	Scioto Bk.	3 to 5
N. Y. City Notes	1	Michigan	3 to 5
Delaware do	½ to 1	Canada	4
Canton	2	Georgia & N. Car.	4
Wilks'b.	2	South Carolina	3
Pottsville	2	N. York, Con.	2
Greensburgh	30	R. Isl., Vermont,	2
Old Bk. Steub.	25	Mass., N. Hamp.	2
Maryland,	½ to 1	New Jersey	1 to 2

GOLD.

Sovereigns 4 65. American Gold 2 per-ct. premium.

GEORGE A GOOK,
Lottery and Exchange Broker, *No. 68 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.* April 29.—tf.

Drawing, Painting, and Gilding,
IN ALL THEIR VARIETIES

J. NEWTON

HAS removed to No. 27 Market street, between Front and Second, where he intends carrying on the above: and he assures the public that he will execute all orders with which he may be favored in as neat a manner, upon as reasonable terms, and as promptly, as can be done on the west of the mountains. Portraits and Miniatures executed in a superior style, and paintings bought, sold, exchanged, or repaired.

J. N. will continue to receive a small class of pupils.

LITHOGRAPHY.

J. N. has established a Lithographic Press, and is prepared to execute all kinds of Lithographic Printing. Those who wish to have a multiplicity of copies from any design, will find this a beautiful substitute for copperplate engraving, and will experience a considerable saving of time and expense by preferring it.

Just published, the first number of a series of Ornaments, which will be found useful to Architects, Painters, Carvers, Gilders, Engravers, Cabinet Makers, Chair Ornamenters, Statuaries, and all persons whose business is connected with the Fine Arts.

J. N. respectfully solicits subscribers to a work on Flower, Fruit, and Shell Painting, &c., which he intends publishing as soon as the materials are in readiness. The work will contain the whole theory of the art, as far as its title purports, and will greatly aid those who wish to devote a part of their leisure hours to this branch of painting.

May 6, 1831.

WANTED, Georgia, North Carolina, and South Carolina paper. Also, Notes of the Michigan and Canada Banks.

GEORGE A. COOK,
Lottery and Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood str't.
May 10, 1831.

REMOVAL.

DOCTOR E. C. S. SUGG,
SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,
(From London, and recently of Baltimore,)

HAS Removed from his residence in Irwin street, to No. 57 Liberty street, corner of Virgin alley, *(the house lately occupied by Doctor J. S. Irwin,)* where he continues the practice of his profession, in all its various branches. Dr. S. will keep for sale a choice assortment of DRUGS, MEDICINES, DYE-STUFFS, PAINTS, &c. Also, Family Medicines of his own compounding and selection. April 22—tf

CITY AUCTION ROOM,
NO. 41 WOOD STREET,
Opposite the Pittsburgh Hotel.

P. M'KENNA, *Auctioneer*, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he is now prepared, at the above establishment, to discharge the duties of his office, and hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage. ☞Regular days of Public Sales, every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 10, A. M. and 2, P. M.; and Evening Sales on TUESDAY and FRIDAY of each week.

Pittsburgh, November 5, 1830—tf.

JOHN P. GEDDES, M. D.

OFFERS his services to the citizens of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, in the different branches of the medical profession. He hopes that the experience acquired during eight years' *extensive* practice, may entitle him to a share of public confidence.

His office is in St. Clair street, next door to the Exchange building. July 12—tf

GEORGE A. COOK, Lottery & Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh, purchases Notes of all the Banking Institutions in the United States. Also, Foreign & American Gold, Broken Bank paper, &c.

March 11, 1831.

PORCELAIN TEETH.

DR. E. MERRITT—DENTIST,
Fourth Street, between Wood and Market,
PITTSBURGH.

March 4, 1831.—tf

ROSS WILKINS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

HAS Removed his Office to Liberty Street between Third and Fourth. Ap. 1.

SALE OF LOTS.
In the Addition to the Town of Wheeling.

ON THURSDAY, the 15th of September next, I will offer for sale to the highest bidder, about FIFTY LOTS, adjoining the present Town of Wheeling. These Lots will include about the whole of the ground on the original tract on which the Town was laid out that is eligible for building; water and coal can be had with a trifling expense; the coal within a few rods of the most remote lots, and water it is believed can be obtained any where on the premises by digging twenty feet, some certainly much less. It is not the purpose of the proprietor to give a fictitious importance to this offer, but he believes no property ever offered to purchasers afforded or will afford a more profitable investment to actual settlers than this, and to actual settlers alone he wishes them to be disposed of. The situation of the Lots is elevated and healthy, and commands a fine prospect of the Ohio River. Terms, one third cash, the balance in payments of one and two years with interest. The proprietor will reserve one bid—any Lot sold and the terms not complied with, the sale to be considered void. NOAH ZANE.

August 2.—6w.

JOB PRINTING

EXECUTED, with neatness and despatch, at the Office of the PITTSBURGH GAZETTE. April 26

PRICES CURRENT.

JAS. W. BROWN & CO.
WHOLESALE PAPER WAREHOUSE,
No. 140 Liberty street.

LETTER PAPER, per ream,		$3 00 to	$3 25
do	do	2 50 to	2 75
CAP	do	3 00 to	3 25
do	do	2 50 to	2 75
do	do	2 00 to	2 25
PRINTING do,	Imperial,	4 00 to	5 50
do	Superroyal,	3 50 to	5 25
do	Medium,	2 50 to	3 25
do	Demy,	2 00 to	2 25
WRAPPING,	Imperial,	1 87 to	2 25
do	Medium,	1 62 to	1 75
do	Crown,	75 to	1 00
TEA PAPER,	Medium,	1 87 to	2 37
PASTEBOARDS,		4 50 to	5 00
FULLERS' PRESSBOARDS,		lb. 20 to	22 cts.

☞A liberal discount to wholesale purchasers.

June 24, 1831—tf

DOBBIN & IRWIN have in store and offer for sale on accommodating terms:

250 bags Havanna COFFEE,
30 hhds. N. O. SUGAR,
5 boxes Havanna SUGAR,
10 bbls. ALMONDS,
200 do. MACKAREL, numbers 2 and 3,
20 half bbls. do. Nos. 1 and 2.
18 bbls. Mess SHAD,
15 do. TAR,
35 hhds. TOBACCO,
60 bales Tennessee COTTON,
2000 lbs. LOGWOOD.

Pittsburgh, July 10.—tf.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the estate of JULIEN DROCOURT, late of the city of Pittsburgh, deceased, are requested to make payment to the subscribers, and persons having claims on the estate, will present them to us for settlement.

THOMAS PLUMER, *Executor,*
HENRIETTA DROCOURT, *Executrix.*

July 26, 1831.—tf

WHOLESALE & RETAIL SHOE STORE!

THE SUBSCRIBER respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has returned to his old stand, Nos. 1 and 73, N. W. Corner of the Diamond and Market street. Also may be found at Nos. 91 and 93 Market street, between Liberty and Fifth street, where he is now opening a large and complete assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Fancy BOOTS AND SHOES, of every variety and the latest fashions:

CONSISTING OF

Ladies' pump soled and d'ble soled lasting Slippers
Ditto do do. do. with straps
Ditto morocco, kid, seal, and curried goat Slippers
Ditto black buckskin Shoes and Slippers
Ditto elegant fox'd lasting Gaiter Boots, (prime)
Ditto Jefferson morocco and lasting Shoes
Misses and children's morocco, leather and lasting Boots and Shoes
Misses and children's Bolivar or foxed Boots
Ditto and ditto black, red, bronze, and tea colored morocco Ankle Ties
Ditto and ditto black and colored lasting Boots
Infants' bronze and colored kid Boots
Gentlemen's fancy morocco and lasting Pumps
Ditto do seal and calfskin do
Ditto do buckskin and cordovan do
Ditto fine morocco, calf, and copper nail'd Boots

Also, A large assortment of Men's, Boy's and Youth's Coarse Boots, Brogans, and Shoes, of every description, the whole comprising the most complete assortment ever offered in the western country.

☞Country merchants and others are respectfully invited to call and examine the above.

July 15—3mo G. ALBREE.

Caps! Caps!!
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

S. J. SYLVESTER respectfully informs the merchants and inhabitants of Pittsburgh, that he has opened a store in the Exchange buildings, St. Clair street, where he intends keeping a large and complete assortment of CAPS, suitable for each season. The business will be superintended by N. SYLVESTER, who has given his attention to the manufacturing of the article for several years, and will endeavor, by assiduity and industry, to satisfy those who may favor him with their custom.

☞*Country Storekeepers* are hereby notified, that Fur Skins will be bought or taken in barter for Caps, or the highest price will be paid in cash for Otter, Wild Cat, Rackoon, or Muskrat, next door to the Exchange, Pittsburgh.

S. J. S. is aware that it is yet too early for the sale of winter Caps: he however gives this notice, that those who are in the practice of purchasing in the eastern cities may be aware that the article *will be* kept in every variety—a considerable quantity are daily expected. Aug. 2

NEW GOODS,
83 Market, between Fifth Street and the Diamond.

S. P. CHURCH & CO. have *just* received a large and complete assortment of DRY GOODS. Among them are 20,000 yds. brown and bleached Sheetings and Shirtings; 5000 yds. do. *wet in transportation, and for sale at reduced prices.* 4 cases Broad Cloths and Satinetts; 1500 yds. brown Osnaburg; Green Floor Cloth; Baize; Diapers; Table Cloths; Napkins; Table Covers; Jaconet, Mull, Book, Swiss and Cambric Muslins; Crown Linings; Willows; with a great variety of Fancy Articles for milliners; Brown Grass Cloth for Bonnets; Gloves, Mitts, Hosiery, &c.—Extracted Cambric Ginghams of the *latest style*, with an elegant assortment of SILK GOODS.

All of which are offered WHOLESALE AND RETAIL *at a small advance for cash or approved credit.* August 5—3m.

TO THE PUBLIC.—We, the undersigned, Painters and Glaziers of the city of Pittsburgh, do certify, that the WHITE LEAD now manufactured by H. Brunot, and branded '*Pittsburgh White Lead*—H. BRUNOT,' is as good as any made in or about Pittsburgh, and we give it a preference.

Alex. Ingram,	Archibald Shaw,
Joseph Jenkinson,	David Glenn,
Robert Menha,	Isaac Rhoads,
E. G. Nelson,	F. S. Byrne,
John Phillips,	A. Westervelt,
Andrew Beggs,	Nath. Whiston,
George Dobbs,	John W. Kane,
James Stuart,	John Hern.

☞Orders addressed to H. Brunot & Co. Pittsburgh, will be attended to. Aug. 2—6m.

JOHN ALEXANDER
Has Removed his Wholesale and Retail
CHEAP CASH STORE,
To his old, well known stand, 65 Market street,

ON which has been erected that splendid and extensive building with the IRON FRONT, where he is now opening, and will keep constantly on hand, a large stock of Staple, and the most splendid stock of Fancy DRY GOODS, ever offered in this city; which will be sold, wholesale or retail, at a small advance for cash.

Also, A large stock of MAHOGANY, at reduced prices. J. A.

August 2, 1831—tf

UNION CANAL LOTTERY OF PA,
CLASS NO. 18.

CAPITAL PRIZES—$30,000; 2 of $10,000; 4 of $5,000. To be drawn Sept'r 10, 1831. Sixty Numbers, Nine Drawn Ballots. Tickets only Ten Dollars. ☞Letters from abroad need not be paid. S. J. SYLVESTER.

Aug 30 16 Exchange Buildings

HOLDERS OF NOTES on the Westmoreland Bank of Greensburgh, will find it to their advantage to call at this office. The highest price will be paid for this paper, if presented immediately. GEORGE A COOK,
Lottery and Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood str't.
August 30, 1831

TO CARPENTERS.—A fresh supply of "Union Factory" BENCH & MOULDING PLANES; together with Jones' Patent Self Regulating Sash Planes; Patent Ploughs, and Spear's 30 inch London Spring Steel Ripping Saws; and a large supply of Cam's Edge Tools: just received by LOGAN & KENNEDY.

Aug 30 66 Wood street, Pittsburgh

TOWN LOTS FOR SALE.

THE subscriber will offer at public sale, on the premises, on the 18th of October next, commencing at 11 o'clock, A. M., a large number of TOWN LOTS AT "BEAVER POINT," situated as follows: One range of Lots fronting on the bayou that cuts across from the Big Beaver to the Ohio river; and also a range of Lots fronting on an alley that runs parallel with Beaver creek, back of Bridgewater. All the Island will also be laid out in small lots and sold, which lies immediately at the junction of the Ohio river and Big Beaver creek. The situation of all these lots is beautiful for building, perhaps not surpassed in the western country; presenting a very commanding prospect, and lying so near the Ohio river and the basin about to be made at the mouth of Big Beaver, will make them eligible sites for any kind of public business. It is unnecessary for me to enlarge in their commendation; but I most earnestly request my fellow citizens, both in this vicinity and at a distance, to attend and judge for themselves. The terms will be easy, and made known the morning of the sale. STEPHEN STONE.

P. S.—Any person now wishing to purchase, can be accommodated at private sale. S. S.

Beaver Point, August 30—1mo

MORE GREAT AND UNPRECEDENTED
SUCCESS.

WITH much pleasure, S. J. SYLVESTER announces, that on the 25th August inst., he sold at his *Pittsburgh Office*, to a Club of gentlemen, No. 7 15 60—whole ticket in the Virginia State Lottery, which was entitled to the Prize of

10,000 DOLLARS!

The Club consisted of two medical men, a storekeeper, a contractor, a carpenter, and, for want of a purchaser, the other eighth was owned by S. J. S. The day after the drawing was received, each party was paid his prize money, and raised their voices to pronounce S J S the most fortunate of venders. This is not a solitary instance: the cognomen of Sylvester is always remembered when *Capitals* are spoken of. He has distributed more prizes than any Broker in the United States. He it was who sold in the Union Canal Lottery 9 28 35 in a whole ticket, the splendid prize of $25,000. Also, in the New York Lottery, 20 23 43, the prize of $24,000. Besides these, he has sold capitals of $20,000, $15,000, and 12 of $10,000 each.

Adventurers who address themselves to S. J. *SYLVESTER, Pittsburgh*, or to 130 *Broadway, New York*, will meet with punctuality and dispatch. N. Sylvester superintends the office in Pittsburgh: at either place particular attention will be given to out-town customers: their commissions will be executed, though not relating to the Lottery business. Clubs will meet with every facility and accommodation—liberality in dealing will be Sylvester's motto.

☞On the 21st September the Great and Grand Lottery will be drawn in New York. Prizes of $50,000, $40,000, $30,000, $20,000, $10,000, $5,880, six of $2,500, and twelve of $1000.—Tickets only $16. Remember SYLVESTER.

The Union Canal Lottery (Capital $30,000) will be drawn Sept'r 10: Tickets Ten Dollars.—The following Class on 24th Sept'r: Tickets only Five Dollars: Capitals $20,000. Aug 30

PROPOSALS will be received by the Subscribers, on the 3d Monday of September ensuing, at Peters Creek meeting house, Washington county: for erecting and closing in a BRICK MEETING HOUSE, 60 by 50 feet, with four doors and fourteen windows; the glass 9 by 12 inches; the story 14 feet from floor to ceiling; 18 inch walls to the square; the house to be covered with pine shingles.

WILLIAM M'KNIGHT,
ROBERT FLECK,
DANIEL LIGGETT,
WM. ARTHUR, *Committee.*

August 30—3t*.

TWIN PRIZES!—It is noticed in another advertisement, that on the 25th August, S. J. Sylvester sold and paid in Pittsburgh, the capital of TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS. A singular fact, but true it is, that on the same day he sold in New York the prize of TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS. S. J. SYLVESTER.

Aug 30 16 Exchange Buildings

WORKING MAN'S COMPANION—The Results of Machinery, namely, Cheap Production and Increased Employment, exhibited: being an address to the Working Men of the United Kingdom. Lately received, and for sale by JOHN I. KAY & CO., Booksellers,

Aug 30—4t 51 Market street.

BOARDING HOUSE!

EIGHT OR TEN genteel Young Men can be accommodated with BOARDING and LODGING, by applying at No. 110 Market str't.

Aug 30 GILBERT M'KOWN.

FOR SALE,
A Valuable Farm, on the Bank of the Ohio River.

WILL be sold, at public sale, *without reserve*, on Tuesday, the first day of November next, at 10 o'clock, on the premises, that Valuable Farm, No. 126 Braden's District, on the Beaver Road, 12 miles from Pittsburgh, containing 232 acres, of which about 100 are cleared and under good cultivation: the land not cleared is well timbered.—There are on the place several good springs of never failing water, and a good steam boat landing. The improvements are a good square log house and barn, and two good orchards.

An indisputable title will be given, and terms, which will be easy, made known at the sale.

ADDY BEER, } *Adm'rs.*
ROBERT BEER, }

August 16, 1831.—wts.

WE are authorised to state that Mr. JOHN M'DOWEL, of Pittsburgh, is a candidate for the office of county commissioner. Aug. 9

WILSON M'CANDLESS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE, Corner of Market street and the Diamond. Entrance No. 2 in the Diamond.

July 5—w3mo

PITTSBURGH PRICES CURRENT.—Corrected weekly, by Riddle, Forsyth & Co.

Ashes, pot,	lb. 4 a 4½	Steel, co. lb.	7a8 †
pearl,	5	sad irons	6 cts†
sc. salts	3½ a 3¾	Lead, in pigs	5a5½§
black salts	2¾ a 3†	bars	5½a6§
Axes, doz.	$14 a 16†	white, in kegs	$9†
Augers, qr.	6 a 7†	dry, lb.	10a11†
Alum, lb.	6	Shot, all sizes.	7†
Bacon, lb.	5½a6†	Leather, sole.	24 a 26†
Butter, keg,	7a8†	upper, doz.	$27a30†
Bags, 3 bu. tw.	45 a 68†	calf skins,	15 a 26§
Beans, sh. bush.	75§	Lard,	7 a 8§
Biscuit, sea, b.	3 50 a 4†	Logwood,	2½ a 3†
w. crack. bbl.	$4 50†	Molasses,	33a35§
Beer,	3 †	Nails, Jun. bra.	10d 6 §
Coals, bush.	4†		8d 6½§
Candles, lb.	8½		6d 6¾§
Copperas	3†		4d 7¾§
Cheese	7§	other	7 §
Cordage, Ky.	8 a 11§	Oil, flaxseed, gal.	85§
Irwin's	9 a 15	tanners', bbl.	$19 a 20†
Coffee, g.in bgs.	12½a14	Onions, bushl.	$ 1§
Cotton Wool	9a10†	Paper	
Cassinets,	40 a 110†	cap, No. 1 rm.	$3¼a3¾†
Cotton Goods,		No. 2,	2¾a3¼†
3-4 Plaids, n. 1. y.	11a12†	No. 3,	2¼a2½†
4-4 Checks	13½ a 15†	letter	2 50 a 4†
3-4 Stripes	17†	crown wrap.	$1 12½
Cot. yarns, lb. No. 5,	22†	medium do.	$1 75a2†
Flour, bbl.	$2 87 a $3*	paper hang's p.	37a35
Feathers	32 a 33§	Pork, fresh lb.	3½ a 4
Flax, scutched, lb.	6†	pkd. mess, bhl.	10½a11
hatcheled,	10*	prime,	$9
Flannels, cy. 4-4	37a45*	Potatoes, bush.	40a50§
Fish—bbl.		Rags, Ohio,	5¼*
New herring,	$ 9§	do. Kentucky	4½§
shad,	12§	Sugar, N.O. lb.	6¾a7¼†
mack'l.	5½†	country,	7§
Grain, wheat, bu.	50†	lump,	15 a 16†
barley	37†	loaf,	16 a 18†
rye	28†	Salt,	$2§
corn	25§	Soap, lb.	5½ a 8
Glass, 8 by 10, box	$3¾a4†	Sifters—doz.	
10 by 12,	$4¼a5†	wire No. 14, 16,	$5
12 by 18,	$9 00†	Spades & shovels	$8
Bottles, porter groce	9†	Tobacco	
gallon doz.	2¼†	keg, lb.	5¼ a 11cts†
½ do.	1¼†	leaf,	3a3¾†
¼ do.	87½cts†	Tallow, rendered	8†
pint	62½†	rough	4½ a 5†
Gunpowder, keg	$5½a6†	Tea, Y.H. lb.	90a$1 6*
Hemp, ton	$120§	H. skin.	70 a 75§
Hides, Span. lb.	13 a 15§	imperial,	1,50a1,40§
green	5§	Wax, bees'	20*
Indigo, Span lb.	1¼a1¾†	Wool,	40 a 65*
Bengal,	1½ a 1¾†	Wool hats, doz.	$6a7§
Iron, b. Jun. t.	$110†	Whisk. o. gall.	30a50cts†
blooms, Jun.	$90§	new	30a33†
rolled	110†	Vices, bright	14†
sheet, cwt.	9¼†	black	9½ a 10†
pig, ton	$28 a 30§	4-4 br. Sheetg.	10 a 10½†

REMARKS—* demand; § scarce; † plenty.

BYAM'S CHEMICAL EMBROCATION; OR, LIQUID OPPODELDOC.

THIS article is considered by the first Physicians in the United States to rank higher than any other composition in existence, for the following complaints, viz: Bruises, Sprains, Gout, Rheumatism, Cramp, Numbness, Weakness or Stiffness of the Neck or Joints, Chilblains, Chapped Hands, Stings of Insects, Vegetable Poisons, &c. &c. It is applied both to man and beast.

BYAM'S CELEBRATED GENUINE PHYSICAL DROPS,

Preventive against Fevers, composed of roots and herbs—recommended by the first families in the city of Philadelphia.

This medicine is almost a sovereign remedy against the Fever and Ague: if taken in season, it will discharge bile from the stomach, cure coughs and colds and weakness of the breast: it will purify the blood, create an appetite, and cure the most inveterate headache. For worms in children, it is a most efficacious medicine. It is much recommended in cases of the measles, &c.; and it is acknowledged that many lives have been preserved by the use of this medicine, in cases of the yellow fever. Observe that none are genuine without the stamp on the cork of the only proprietor, E. BYAM, *genuine*, and each label signed with his own hand writing, E. Byam. Price per bottle 25 cents.

☞This certifies that myself, wife, and one of my children, were afflicted with the fever and ague for several weeks, and applied the usual remedies, but to no effect. Having heard of Byam's Physical Drops, I had the curiosity to give it a trial; and by the use of two bottles, we were all cured in one week's time JACOB PETERSON.

Philadelphia, Feb. 1, 1831.

☞Considering it a duty I owe to mankind, I hereby declare that, having been afflicted with dyspepsia through the heat of the summer months in 1830, and not being able to attend to business for much of the time, I tried many resources and much medicine to no relief; and hearing of Byam's Drops, I immediately tried a bottle, which relieved me so much that I purchased a second; and by the use of two bottles I was able to attend to my business, and have remained in good health ever since. SAMUEL M. BROOKS.

Philadelphia, Feb. 1, 1831.

☞For Sale, Wholesale and Retail, by THOMPSON & MILLER, Agents for the Proprietor, at their Drug Warehouse, No. 81 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

May 13, 1831—wly

COBB'S JUVENILE READER!

LUKE LOOMIS & CO., *No. 98 Wood st't, Pittsburgh*, (joint proprietors of the copyright,) have just published COBB'S JUVENILE READER, Nos. 1, 2, and 3.

No. 1, containing interesting, moral, and instructive Reading Lessons, composed of easy words of one and two syllables.

No. 2, containing interesting, moral, and instructive Reading Lessons, composed of words of one, two, and three syllables.

No. 3, containing interesting, historical, moral, and instructive Reading Lessons, composed of words of a greater number of syllables than the lessons in Nos. 1 and 2, and a greater variety of composition, both in prose and poetry, selected from the writings of the best American and English authors; with Observations on the Principles of Good Reading.

☞The above series of Reading Books have been very favorably noticed by more than fifty of the most respectable journals in the U. States.—We also annex the following notice, from the proceedings of the Pittsburgh Association of Teachers, under date of 2d April, 1831:

"*Resolved*, That we have examined Cobb's *Juvenile Reader*, Nos. 1, 2 and 3, with very considerable pleasure, and are of opinion that such works have long been a *desideratum* for school books.—Many that have been in use have descended too far below the capacity of those for whose use they were designed, and have dwelt more in fiction than in reality; while others have altogether neglected the reader's capacity, and discussed subjects far beyond the reach of a juvenile mind.—Mr. Cobb has happily blended instruction with amusement, simplicity, and dignity, and has progressively advanced in a greater variety of composition, as well as in the importance and interest of his subject, as the increased capacity and attainments of his readers seemed to require. We think he deserves the thanks of the friends of youth for his valuable labors, and would most cordially recommend for general adoption his Juvenile Reader. THOS. MAYLIN, Pres't.

JOHN WINTER, Sec. of P. A. of T.

July 22—5.19.2.

FOR SALE, The House and Lot in Fourth street, opposite the United States Bank. The lot is 63 feet front by 85 deep.

ALSO, The House and Lot in Second street, now occupied by Geo. Weyman. For terms apply to

R. S. CASSAT, or
Aug. 23—3w. E. SIMPSON, Esq.

POETRY.

JUDITH AT THE TENT OF HOLOFERNES.

BY J. G. WHITTIER.

Night was down among the mountains,
In her dim and quiet manner,
Where Bethulia's silver fountains
Gushed beneath the Assyrian banner;
Moonlight o'er her meek dominion,
As a mighty flag unfurled,
Like an angel's snowy pinion
Resting on a darkened world!

Faintly rose the city's murmur,
But the crowded camp was calm;
Girded in their battle armour,
Each a falchion on his arm,
Kingly chief and weary vassal
In the arms of slumber fell;
It had been a day of wassail,
And the wine had circled well.

Underneath his proud pavilion
Lay Assyria's champion,
Where the ruby's rich vermillion
Shone beside the beryl-stone.
With imperial purple laden,
Breathing in the perfumed air,
Dreams he of the Jewish maiden,
With her dark and jeweled hair.

Who is she—the pale browed stranger,
Bending o'er that son of slaughter?
God be with thee in thy danger,
Israel's lone and peerless daughter!
She hath bared her queenly beauty
To the dark Assyrian glance;
Now, a high and sterner duty
Bids her to his couch advance.

Beautiful and pale she bendeth
In her earnest prayer to heaven—
Look again—that maiden standeth
In the strength her God hath given!
Strangely is her dark eye kindled,
Hot blood through her cheek is poured—
Lo! her every fear hath dwindled—
And her hand is on the sword!

Upward to the flashing curtain,
See, that mighty blade is driven—
And its fall—'tis swift and certain
As the cloud-fire's track in heaven!
Down, as with a power supernal,
Twice the lifted weapon fell—
Twice his slumber is eternal—
Who shall wake the infidel?

Sunlight on the mountain streameth
Like an air-borne wave of gold;
And Bethulia's armor gleameth
Round Judea's banner-fold.
Down they come, the mailed warriors,
As the upper torrents sally
Headlong from their mountain barriers,
Down upon the sleeping valley.

Rouse thee from thy couch, Assyrian!
Dream no more of woman's smile—
Fiercer than the leagued Tyrian,
Or the dark browed sons of Nile
Foes are on thy slumber breaking—
Chieftain to thy battle rise!
Vain the call—he will not waken—
Headless on his couch he lies.!

Who hath dimmed your boasted glory?
What hath woman's weakness done?
Whose dark brow is up before ye,
Blackening in the fierce-haired sun?
Lo! an eye that never slumbers
Looketh in its vengeance down:
And the thronged and mailed numbers
Wither at Jehovah's frown!

THE PUZZLE.

A horseman rode up one day to an inn,
Where the landlord, a Yankee, would think it a sin,
A "sin of omission," to let him pass by,
And learn not a bit of his history.

"It's like you are married, if one might say so,"
Quoth mine host to his guest: but the stranger said "No."
"Oh, ha, sir, a widower?"—"No I am not."
"Not a widower?—right, sir—I really forgot:

Your're a bachelor then, it is perfectly plain!
"No, no, I am not:" and thus once again
Was our landlord sore stumbled, and lifted both eyes,
And gaped with the most unaffected surprise.

"By George, it is strange, sir, you should'nt be either—
Not a widower, married man, bachelor neither!
I don't like to be rude, but what can you be, pray?"
Roared his guest, "a divorced man!" and galloped away.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE SOLAR PHENOMENA.

We are obliged to a respectable friend in Alexandria, says the National Intelligencer, for the following interesting observations upon the late extraordinary appearances connected with the Sun:

ALEXANDRIA BOARDING SCHOOL,
8th Month 20th, 1831.

Friends Gales & Seaton—In compliance with the suggestion in your paper received to-day, I send you the following views respecting the very unusual, if not unexampled appearance of the sun, observed a few days since.

To understand the phenomena alluded to, it will be necessary to make a few preliminary observations.

During the great total eclipse of the sun that had recently taken place, the moon had just passed its perigee, or that point in its orbit nearest the earth, and consequently that combined action of the sun and moon upon the atmosphere produced a great tide in the equatorial regions, and diminished the pressure of the air upon the whole of the surface of the earth.* This diminution of pressure upon the surface of the water would occasion a great increase of evaporation, particularly when united with the high temperature that accompanied it.—For it is an established fact, that the amount of evaporation from an uninsulated surface of water depends upon the elevation of temperature and diminution of pressure. A vast quantity of vapor thus raised was very observable on the evening of the 12th inst. at a considerable elevation, in the western part of the heavens, and continued to reflect a very red light for a long time after the sun had set.

The appearance of the heavens on the morning of the 13th I did not observe; but about mid-day, the sun shining through this body of vapor had a silvery appearance similar to that which it wears when shining through a vanishing fog, and I observed it to give an unusually ghastly appearance to the countenances of persons. Between three and four o'clock, the position of the sun with respect to this body of vapor becoming changed, it assumed a greenish blue appearance, precisely similar to that produced by the following experiments, and which in my opinion was dependent upon the same cause. Let a screen upon which the spectrum produced by the separation of the solar beam into its primitive colors by a glass prism is thrown, be perforated so as to let all except the *red* ray fall upon a double convex lens, and be converged to a focus, the result will be a representation of the sun of a greenish blue color, exactly such as it was observed to have at the time alluded to. The color is that resulting from the combination of all the primitive colors except the *red*, and is denominated in optics the *opposite color*.

The same experiment may be performed more familiarly thus: Place a red wafer upon a white wall, and look at it intently with one eye for some time: then let the eye rest, without much effort at seeing, upon the wall, and a spot, the size of the wafer, of a greenish blue color, will be perceived. The explanation is, that the retina, through the action upon it by the red light from the wafer, becomes insensible to the red ray in that part upon which the image of the wafer rested, and hence the color produced upon that part of the retina, will be the one resulting from the combination of the other six.

The greenish blue color of the sun, then, I think, depended upon the red rays being reflected by the intervening body of vapor, while the other six passed to the eye, and produced the observed appearance. This opinion was strengthened by one or two facts observed at the time. I passed the sun's ray through a prism, and while the yellow, green, blue, indigo, and violet colors appeared with their proportionate brightness, the orange was considerably less distinct, and the red much less than the orange.

Another corroborative fact was, that as the sun descended below the body of vapor, which was about fifteen or twenty minutes before its setting, the vapor reflected an intensely red light, the light that passed through it was therefore separate from the red, and would have produced the opposite, or greenish blue appearance.

The spot that was observed, is by no means an unusual thing upon the sun's disc. It was visible to the unprotected eye, merely in consequence of the diminished brightness of the sun. By aid of a telescope a considerable number of spots were visible. In the summer of 1816, a spot was visible to the naked eye for eight or ten days in succession.

If the above remarks are any way satisfactory to you, it will be a gratification to

Your sincere friend,
BENJAMIN HALLOWELL.

* It is evident, that as the air is partially supported by the combined attraction of the sun and moon, its pressure upon the earth must be diminished.—The greatest effect would not be at the immediate time of conjunction, but some days after.

COMPLIMENT TO AMERICAN PHILANTHROPHY.

It is with uncommon pleasure we read such tributes to individuals, whose labors in the sacred cause of humanity, as well as morals, richly entitle them to a distinction far above worldly greatness. We extract from the Glasgow and West of Scotland Temperance Society's Report, the following kind overflowing of a Scotchman's heart.—*Journal of Humanity.*

"Your committee cannot close their sketch of the triumphs of 'Temperance Emancipation,' without a notice, however cursory, of the progress of the cause in that continent where it had its origin. It would be an act of ingratitude towards our American friends, were we in any degree to throw into the shade the obligations under which we lie to them for having originated this noble cause.—If the names of Washington and others are deservedly dear to them for their struggles in the cause of freedom there are other names which will descend to the latest posterity, as the deliverers of their country from thraldom more dreadful by far than that of any foreign yoke. It was reserved for such men as Beecher, and Kitredge, and Hewit, to stand forth before an astonished world, and with a moral courage which invests them with immortal honor, to seize this hydra-headed monster, Intemperance, and to lay him prostrate in the dust. They looked abroad on their country, and they saw that a sweeping flood was desolating the fair plains of a new world; they attempted, not by a puny effort, to roll back its waters of death, but they conceived the project of stopping them at the fountain, and drying up the sources of supply; and already the raging torrent has almost subsided into a brook. Well may those noble men rejoice in what they have achieved. How many bitter waters of sorrow have they dried up, and how many streams of gladness have they opened to those whom misery had marked as her own! What a consolation to such a man as Beecher, to think, that not in America alone he is enjoying the results of his labors, but that many thousand copies of his little work have circulated through Britain, have helped to awaken the energies of her slumbering people, and to dispel the long and dreary night of sorrow which reigned in so many of her dwellings!"

MAGNIFICENT TOBACCO BOX.

By one of our late English papers, we find that in the city of Westminster, the overseers of the united parishes of St. Margaret and St. John the Evangelist possesses a Tobacco Box, which is upwards of one hundred and eighteen years old; it weighs no less than fifty-six pounds, and it cost more than £2000 sterling. This is certainly a valuable and unwieldy Tobacco Box. The history is rather curious, and to all lovers of the "aromatic vegetable," whether snuffers, smokers, or chewers, it may be interesting. It appears that the box was originally a common horn box, bought, as tradition reports, at Horn Fair, by Mr. Henry Monck, the then overseer, for the small sum of 4d. This gentleman usually brought the four-penny box with him to the tavern where the parish meetings were held, where the party smoked their pipe in friendly intercourse after the business of the day was over. The ornaments upon this tobacco-box are all of silver, and have annually increased, so as to make it of the value as above stated, all succeeding overseers making some addition thereto, describing the most remarkable events of their year of office. The box is delivered to each succeeding overseer, with the following charge by one of the church wardens: "This box and the several cases are the property of the past overseers' society, and delivered into your custody and care, upon condition that they are produced at all parochial meetings which you shall be invited to attend, and shall contain three pipes of tobacco at the least, under the penalty of six bottles of claret.—*And also upon further condition*, that you shall restore the box with the several cases belonging to it, to the society in as good a state as the same now are, with some additional ornament thereto, at the next meeting after you shall go out of office, or sooner if demanded, under the penalty of two hundred guineas. The chairman then proposes, as a toast, "the new overseers, wishing them health to go through their office," which toast concludes the ceremony.

The box and cases are annually entrusted to the care of the overseers for the time being, without restriction as to the nature of the ornaments, which may be added, or the skill and the taste of the artists who may be employed to execute them; therefore, the nature of the ornament, and the style of their execution, are as various as the number of hands through which it has passed. Several of the ornaments displayed considerable taste in design, and ability in execution; and amongst them is a portrait of the Duke of Cumberland, who commanded at Culloden in 1746. In this battle the rebels, headed by the pretender in person, were defeated, which put an end to the rebellion.—This portrait and characteristic illustrations are engraved on the inside of the original box, and were designed and engraved by the celebrated Wm. Hogarth when in the zenith of his reputation. It is customary with many societies, both in Scotland and England, to possess a valuable box—some for snuff, and some for tobacco, but the history of the Westminster box is the most novel that we have ever heard.—The St. Andrew's Society of this city, possesses "a mull," with some appurtenances to boot—which is regularly handed round the table on the anniversary—had a similar course been pursued with this, as with the Westminster Box, it might have been an invaluable one at this day. —*N. Y. Mer. Adv.*

Curious Structure of the Eye of the Horse.—A singular provision is made for keeping the eye of the horse clean by an eyelid called the *haw*. It is moistened by a pulpy substance, or mucilage, to take hold of the dust on the eye-ball and wipe it clear off, so that the eye is hardly ever seen with any thing on it, though greatly exposed from its size and posture. The swift motion of the *haw* is given to it by a grissly elastic substance, placed between the eye-ball and socket, and striking obliquely, so as to drive out the *haw* with great velocity over the eye, and then let it come back as quickly.

Ignorant persons, when this haw is inflamed from cold, and swelled so as to appear, which it never does in a healthy state, often mistake it for an imperfection (calling it the "hooks in the eyes") and cut it off! so near do ignorance and cruelty produce the same effect.—*Poulson.*

From the United States Telegraph.

The following *Chronological List* of the principal Officers of the United States Government under the Constitution, has been compiled from authentic sources, and may be interesting to many, as a convenient document for reference:

Presidents.

George Washington, of Virginia, elected	1789
John Adams, of Massachusetts,	1797
Thomas Jefferson, of Virginia,	1801
James Madison, of Virginia,	1809
James Monroe, of Virginia,	1817
John Quincy Adams, of Massachusetts,	1825
Andrew Jackson, of Tennessee,	1828

Vice-Presidents.

John Adams, of Massachusetts,	1789
Thomas Jefferson, of Virginia,	1797
Aaron Burr, of New York,	1801
George Clinton, of New York,	1805
Died, April 20, 1812.	
Elbridge Gerry, of Massachusetts,	1813
Died, November 23, 1814.	
Daniel D. Tompkins, of New York,	1817
John C. Calhoun, of South Carolina,	1825

Secretaries of State.

Thomas Jefferson, of Virginia, appointed	1789
Edmund Randolph, of Virginia,	1794
Timothy Pickering, of Pennsylvania,	1795
John Marshall, of Virginia,	1800
James Madison, of Virginia,	1801
Robert Smith, of Maryland,	1809
James Monroe, of Virginia,	1811
John Quincy Adams, of Massachusetts,	1817
Henry Clay, of Kentucky,	1825
Martin Van Buren, of New York,	1829
Edward Livingston, of Louisiana,	1831

Secretaries of the Treasury.

Alexander Hamilton, of New York,	1789
Oliver Wolcott, of Connecticut,	1795
Samuel Dexter, of Massachusetts,	1801
Albert Gallatin, of Pennsylvania,	1802
George W. Campbell, of Tennessee,	1814
Alexander J. Dallas, of Pennsylvania,	1814
William H. Crawford, of Georgia,	1817
Richard Rush, of Pennsylvania,	1825
Samuel D. Ingham, of Pennsylvania,	1829
Louis M'Lane, of Delaware,	1831

Secretaries of War.

Henry Knox, of Massachusetts, appointed	1789
Timothy Pickering, of Pennsylvania,	1795
James M'Henry, of Maryland,	1796
Samuel Dexter, of Massachusetts,	1800
Roger Griswold, of Connecticut,	1801
Henry Dearborn, of Massachusetts,	1801
William Eustis, of Massachusetts,	1809
John Armstrong, of New York,	1813
William H. Crawford, of Georgia,	1815
Isaac Shelby, of Ky. (did not accept)	1817
John C. Calhoun, of South Carolina,	1817
James Barbour, of Virginia,	1825
Peter B. Porter, of New York,	1828
John H. Eaton, of Tennessee,	1829
Lewis Cass, of Ohio,	1831

Secretaries of the Navy.

Note.—This department was not established until the 30th of April, 1798, being prior to that date a branch of the War Department.

George Cabot, of Massachusetts, appointed	1798
Benjamin Stoddart, of Maryland,	1798
Robert Smith, of Maryland,	1802
Jacob Crowninshield, of Massachusetts,	1805
Paul Hamilton, of South Carolina,	1809
William Jones, of Pennsylvania,	1812
Benjamin W. Crowninshield, of Mass.	1814
Smith Thompson, of New York,	1818
Samuel L. Southard, of New Jersey,	1823
John Branch, of North Carolina,	1829
Levi Woodbury, of New Hampshire,	1831

Postmasters General.

Samuel Asgood, of Mass. appointed	1789
Timothy Pickering, of Pennsylvania,	1791
Joseph Habersham, of Georgia,	1795
Gideon Granger, of Connecticut,	1802
Return J. Meigs, of Ohio,	1814
John M'Lane, of Ohio,	1823
William T. Barry, of Kentucky,	1829

Chief Justices of the Supreme Court.

John Jay, of New York, appointed	1789
William Cushing, of Massachusetts,	1796
Oliver Ellsworth, of Connecticut,	1796
John Jay, of New York,	1800
John Marshall, of Virginia.	1801

Attorneys General.

Edmund Randolph, of Virginia, appointed	1789
William Bradford, of Pennsylvania,	1794
Charles Lee, of Virginia,	1795
Levi Lincoln, of Massachusetts,	1801
Robert Smith, of Maryland,	1805
John Breckenridge, of Kentucky,	1806
Cæsar A. Rodney, of Delaware,	1807
William Pinckney, of Maryland,	1811
Richard Rush, of Pennsylvania,	1814
William Wirt, of Virginia,	1817
John M. Berrien, of Georgia,	1829
Roger B. Taney, of Maryland,	1831

Speakers of the House of Representatives of the U. S.

First Congress, 1st and 2d Sessions held at New York, 3d at Philadelphia.

Frederick A. Muhlenburgh, of Penn.	1789

Second Congress, held at Philadelphia.

Jonathan Trumbull, of Connecticut,	1791

Third Congress, held at Philadelphia.

Frederick A. Muhlenburgh, of Penn.	1793

Fourth Congress, held at Philadelphia.

Jonathan Dayton, of New Jersey,	1795

Fifth Congress, held at Philadelphia.

Jonathan Dayton, of New Jersey,	1797

Sixth Congress, 1st session at Philadelphia—2d at Washington.

Theodore Sedgwick, of Massachusetts,	1799

Seventh Congress, held at Washington.

Nathaniel Macon, of North Carolina,	1801

Eighth Congress.

Nathaniel Macon, of North Carolina,	1803

Ninth Congress.

Nathaniel Macon, of North Carolina,	1805

Tenth Congress.

Joseph B. Varnum, of Massachusetts,	1807

Eleventh Congress.

Joseph B. Varnum, of Massachusetts,	1809

Twelfth Congress.

Henry Clay, of Kentucky,	1811

Thirteenth Congress.

Henry Clay, of Ky, 1813—until Jan. 17th,	1814
Langdon Cheves, of South Carolina, for the residue of the Congress.	

Fourteenth Congress.

Henry Clay, of Kentucky,	1815

Fifteenth Congress.

Henry Clay, of Kentucky,	1817

Sixteenth Congress.

Henry Clay, of Kentucky, during the first session,	1819
John W. Taylor, of New York, during the second session,	1820

Seventeenth Congress.

Philip P. Barbour, of Virginia,	1821

Eighteenth Congress.

Henry Clay, of Kentucky,	1823

Nineteenth Congress.

John W. Taylor, of New York,	1825

Twentieth Congress.

Andrew Stevenson, of Virginia,	1827

Twenty first Congress.

Andrew Stevenson, of Virginia,	1829

Churches in the United States in 1831.—It has been ascertained that there are now in the United States, more than 12,000 churches. The principal religious denominations are Baptists and Methodists, who have together 4484 churches: the Presbyterians have 1472 churches; the Congregationalists have 1381 churches; the Episcopalians are also numerous and have 922 churches; the Roman Catholics have 784 churches; the Dutch Reformed 602 churches; the friends have 462 societies; the Universalists have 298 churches; the Lutherans have 240 churches; the Unitarians have 197 churches; the Jews have 96 synagogues; the Calvinistic Baptists have 84 churches; the Swedenborgians have 73 churches; and the Moravians 56 churches.—*Boston Courier.*

A teacher one day endeavoring to make a pupil understand the nature and application of a passive verb, said to him, "a passive verb expresses the nature or receiving of an action, as Peter is beaten; now what did Peter do? The numscull paused a moment, and scratching his head by way of aiding thought, with the gravest countenance imaginable, replied, "Well I don't know, without he *hollered!*"

FOREIGN NEWS.

ONE DAY LATER FROM EUROPE.

The ship Hercules, arrived at Boston from Liverpool, has brought London evening papers of the 13th July. The following are extracts:

GREAT BRITAIN.

In the House of Commons on the 12th, Lord John Russell moved that the House should go into committee on the Reform Bill. After a long debate, the question was taken and carried without a division, at half past seven in the morning. During the night's session there were seven divisions on various questions. The first was on a motion for receiving a petition that counsel might be heard at the bar against the disfranchisement of Appleby. The motion was negatived by a majority of 97 votes, viz: for it, 187, against it, 284.

The number of members of the House of Commons, who voted on the second reading of the Reform bill, was 621, viz: 378 for the bill, and 243 against it; majority, 135. There were 12 vacancies in the representation, and 24 members absent. These numbers, with one for the Speaker, made the whole number of members composing the House 658.

From the votes taken on the following questions in succession, it appears that at every struggle the majority of the Reformers was increased.

"In the course of the succeeding debate there were not less than seven divisions on successive motions of adjournment. On Captain Gordon's motion (for immediate adjournment) there were for ministers, 328; against the bill, 102; majority, 226. On the question that the speaker do not leave the chair, for ministers, 286; against the bill, 90; majority, 196. Sir Charles Wetherell's motion for an adjournment to Thursday, for ministers, 235; against the bill, 63; majority, 172.—On Lord Stormont's adjournment till five this day, for ministers, 214; against the bill, 44; majority, 170. Another motion of Sir C. Wetherell's for adjournment, for ministers, 203; against the bill, 37; majority, 166. On Mr. Praed's motion of adjournment to Friday, for ministers, 187; against the bill, 25; majority, 162. Another motion was made for adjournment, on which the numbers were, for ministers, 187; against the bill, 24; majority, 163."

It will be seen, from the successive decrease in the number of opponents of the bill on each division, that the more sensible, or prudent, or honest of the party, got ashamed of the factious opposition; but we should put it—and strongly to the supporters of the bill—that the greatest danger the measure now runs, is from their absenting themselves without the pairing off with an opponent. We repeat, in the words of the morning papers—"No friend of the Bill should leave the House without a pair." The names of such as do should be published, that their constituents may know who have discharged and who have neglected their duty.—*Globe.*

In the House of Lords, July 11, it was arranged that the production of the evidence and documents relative to the massacre at Newtonbarry, Ireland, should take place the 13th. Lord Farnham desired the production of these, not only that they might have correct information, but that the public mind might be disabused.

The London Herald states that in the House of Lords, night of 12th, on the occasion of the third reading of Lord Melbourne's bill, to extend to Ireland the benefit of lords-lieutenant for counties, the Marquis of Londonderry availed himself to defend himself against attacks, which he stated had been heretofore made upon him by various lords, and afterwards to attack the provisions of the bill as giving powers exceeding those of any previous enactment regarding Ireland. Lord Farnham, however, defended the bill—after Lord Plunkett had vindicated the conduct of the government respecting the measure.

The House on the 8th refused, 117 to 90, to issue a writ for another election in Liverpool, Mr. Dennison, chosen for that place and Nottinghamshire both, having declared in favor of the latter, and left Liverpool unrepresented: it appears, therefore, that she will remain so, unless on a fourth effort a writ is granted.

It is said that Lord Brougham has abandoned his Bankrupt Court Bill for the present session, owing to the absence of professional members on the Circuit.

Lord John Russell has been honored with the freedom of the city of London. After the ceremony was concluded, a most sumptuous banquet was served, at which a long list of distinguished personages were present.

The Morning Herald of the 11th has the following paragraph from the Edinburgh Evening Post. "We have just heard from good authority that Sir Walter Scott is very ill, and in great danger."

Mr. Simond, the Traveler in England and Italy, died lately at Geneva, of apoplexy. Mr. Simond was a resident for many years in this country.

The Liverpool Courier of the 12th July says—"We are happy to notice that the export trade, the chief vent for which is Liverpool, has been particularly brisk during the past month. Cotton manufactures to the value of upwards of £1,100,000, were exported, and woollen manufactures, which were thought some time ago to be decaying, to the value of nearly £600,000, and the infant manufacture of silks, has exceeded the amount of £18,000 for the month only.

The Railway.—Since the opening of the branch of the Liverpool and Manchester Railway from Bolton, there have been conveyed 1515 passengers. The average receipts for fares and merchandise is at the rate of £10,000 per annum, and the effect has been to drive every stage coach from off the road between Bolton and Liverpool.

FRANCE.

The latest papers received at London state that the Electoral returns were pouring in from the departments, and that the ministerial preponderance was rather acquiring than losing weight. It is stated authoritatively, that the king's opening speech to the Chambers will disclose new and more worthy views with respect to Poland.

The Paris Messager of the 11th July says, up to the present moment the elections of 354 Deputies have been announced;—of these, the Minister may reckon as his supporters 248.

It is asserted in the Gazette de France to be the intention of the French Ministry in the Royal Message at the opening of the Chambers to declare in favor of the cause of Poland.

The French ministry has renounced the maintenance of the hereditary Peerage, and they are about framing a system exclusive or restrictive of the rights of birth.

Paris letters dwell upon the intensity of the heat and upon the gratifying prospects of the most superb harvest and vintage known for many years.

A proclamation has been circulated in France by the agents of the Duchess of Berri, from Charles X, in which the French are called on to rally around the standard of Henry V. and the Duchess of Berri is declared to be Regent of the Kingdom. The Carlists were making active efforts to rally a party in France, and to concentrate them in La Vendee. It was reported in Paris that the Police had arrested 160 Carlists.

Great numbers of French people of rank have lately gone to England; in consequence of which the government enforces the strictest search at the ports. £500,000 in silver coins of Henry V. have been struck in England, and circulated in La Vendee. Many arrests have taken place at Paris, and a number of the late corps of Swiss guards had received passports for the province of Morbihan in the west, and their pay in advance.

We are assured by respectable private correspondents from France, that M. Casimir Perier's administration will derive much strength from the elections. Of the good understanding which exists between our Government and that of France, now that the Belgian affair is adjusted to the satisfaction of both parties, there can be no question; neither can there be any doubt of their common desire to maintain the peace of Europe Two objects are, we have reason to believe, in the constant view of our Ministers, to which they, in conjunction with the French Ministers, will, we believe, now apply their energies. So long as the affairs of Belgium were uncertain in their issue, there could be no conjoint efforts made to effect objects highly important to both and to the cause of humanity. The two Governments may now, we hope, successfully endeavor to assist the Poles, at least by mediation; and if that should fail, by all other means than those which might have the effect of plunging the whole of Europe into another long and expensive war.

A second and most important object to which the governments of France and England will undoubtedly apply themselves, is the slave trade, which, for want of a hearty co-operation on the part of the French people, is now carried on to an extent and with a cruelty which was never exceeded, perhaps never equalled in the worst of times. The Americans should be called on to unite with England and France in some great and well sustained effort to put an end forever to this horrid traffic: a traffic which, so long as one nation is allowed to carry it on and acquires riches by it, will defeat all the efforts of humane and enlightened persons to destroy domestic slavery in particular islands. Let a mutual right of search be agreed to, and all men engaged in the traffic be treated as pirates; and a supply of new slaves being thus rendered impossible, it may not be difficult to persuade all parties concerned in slave property to seek their common and true interest, by making friends of those who are by the present unnatural arrangements compelled to feel themselves ill-treated and oppressed by those who ought to protect and raise them from a condition in which they were originally placed by fraud, force, and folly, but from which they can only be relieved through the influence of justice and wisdom.—*London Globe, July* 13.

SPAIN.

A Spanish army of 20,000 men has been ordered to the frontiers of Portugal.

BELGIC AFFAIRS.

The Belgian deputation charged with the definitive offer of the crown to Prince Leopold, had arrived at the Brunswick Hotel, in Jermyn street, London. They were received in the different towns of Flanders through which they passed with the greatest enthusiasm, and during the changing of horses immense crowds of citizens surrounded the carriages, crying "*Vive le Roi!*" "*Vive Leheau!*" "*Vive notre patriotique Ministre!*" On the evening of the 12th, the deputies waited on the Prince, and were received with the most marked cordiality. They remained with his royal highness till eleven o'clock. It was arranged during the interview, that the Prince shall be called "Leopold, Premier Roi des Belges." It was also settled that the Prince should leave London on Saturday the 16th of July, and proceed to Brussels by way of Calais, where he will sleep; he will then proceed to Ostend, leave again on Monday morning for Bruges, Ghent, and Alost, and make his public entry into the metropolis on Tuesday at 12 o'clock. The deputation were

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FRIDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 2.

☞River four and a half feet above low water.

STEAM BOAT BUILDING.—Messrs. Ephraim and Samuel Frisbee have recently erected a yard for building steam boats, at the point of confluence of the Allegheny and Monongahela rivers. This yard occupies precisely the site of the old French Fort Du Quesne. On Saturday last the first boat was launched from it. She is of 250 tons burthen, owned by Messrs. Allen, Grant and Stone, and her name *happens* to be the *Napoleon*.

BRIDGE AT BROWNSVILLE.—The contract for building this bridge was allotted to Wm. Le Barron and A. S. Deannan, for $38,000. The stockholders expect a substantial work, and we think the character of one of the contractors fully justifies their expectations. The completion of this bridge will be a matter of general interest to the whole western country.

PRESIDENT JACKSON.—In an article in our paper to-day, our readers will see a portrait of the President's character, drawn by one of his own friends, Mr. Coke, from Virginia. Mr. Coke was and is a member of Congress, and had opportunities to estimate the qualifications of General Jackson. He does not tell us precisely how illiterate the President is, but consoles us with the intelligence that he is not literally "*as illiterate as a pig*," because "he knows his letters, and a pig does not." From this conclusion of Mr. Coke, we infer that he had never heard of the learned pig which could spell "women" without a single mistake.

It is somewhat amusing to hear an editor who had supported President Jackson for the *highest office in our country*, against that able and accomplished statesman J. Q. Adams, now pronounce "*talent the only passport to favor*."

THE OHIO CANAL.—We invite the attention of our readers, and of the public generally, to the statement furnished by the collector at Cleaveland of the amount of produce and merchandise received at and forwarded from that place up to the 1st of August last. The aggregate is truly enormous; but, to form a correct estimate of what the amount will ultimately be, several circumstances must be borne in mind. First, it must be recollected that this is only the result of about five months' business, and that the canal will remain open probably near four months longer—that is, until near the first of December. It must also be recollected that the Ohio Canal is not yet finished, and that the business must be greatly increased as it advances towards completion. Finally, it must be recollected that the country through which the canal passes has been but a short time settled, and is of course as yet but sparsely populated. What may we expect when the whole country along the canal is fully settled? The length of the Ohio Canal from Cleaveland to Portsmouth is about equal to that of the Pennsylvania Canal from Pittsburgh to Philadelphia. The soil through which the former passes is upon an average greatly better than that along our canal.

A knowledge of these circumstances must satisfy every intelligent mind, that the trade of the Ohio Canal is destined at no very distant period to be very great. It is therefore a question of the first importance for Pennsylvanians to decide, and one which they should decide promptly, whether the whole amount of this trade shall be permitted to pass within one hundred miles west of Pittsburgh, travel far north of this city and Philadelphia, and finally reach the ocean at New York, one hundred miles east of Philadelphia; or whether it shall take the chord of this great arch of a circle, and travel due east through our state to Philadelphia.

We trust the statement of the trade done on the canal when it was incomplete, in the moiety of a season, when the population was but sparse, will attract and rivet the attention of the capitalists of our state upon this matter. Let it be borne in mind that a rail road or canal, certainly less than 140 miles in length, will secure almost the whole amount of this trade to Philadelphia; and if this rail road or canal is not made, the trade must pass to Montreal or New York.

Collector's Office, Cleaveland, Aug. 12.

SIR,—In reply to the questions contained in the letter of Mr. Church, I shall confine myself to the 5th, 6th, 15th and 19th, as the subject matter of these comes more immediately under my observation.—Up to the 1st instant, there had arrived at Cleaveland, by way of the canal, during the present season, 24,925,324 lbs. of property, consisting in part as follows, viz:

186,110	bushels	Wheat;
2,325	do.	Flaxseed;
44,721	barrels	Flour;
4,313	do.	Pork;
1,252	do.	Whiskey;
222,820	pounds	Pot and Pearl Ashes;
1,124	casks	Linseed Oil;
23,607	pounds	Butter;
44,445	do.	Cheese;
160	hhds.	Tobacco;
143,657	feet	Lumber.

There were cleared at Cleaveland, by way of the canal, during the same period, 6,279,348 lbs. of property, consisting in part of the following articles, viz:

6,884	barrels	Salt;
6,575	do.	Fish;
1,882,540	pounds	Merchandise;
102,959	do.	Gypsum;
39,530	feet	Lumber;
674	thou'd	Shingles.

Having transmitted the last year's books of this office to Columbus, in compliance with a law of our state, it is not in my power to give an account of the business done on the Ohio canal up to the first of August of last year, as required by the 19th question; but the following is an accurate statement of the business done in some of the principal articles during the *whole* of that year.

Arrived at Cleaveland in 1830:

176,689	bushels	Wheat;
5,100	do.	Mineral Coal;
32,988	barrels	Flour;
2,442	do.	Whiskey;
873	do.	Pork;
148	do.	Beef;
802	casks	Linseed Oil;
104	tons	Pot and Pearl Ashes.

Cleared during the same year:

23,404	barrels	Salt;
4,482	do.	Fish;
85	tons	Gypsum;
1,461	do.	Merchandise.

It would require more time than I have at my disposal to compile an account of the property received from each place on the canal, as required by the 8th question of Mr. Church.

I am, Sir, very respectfully, your obd't servant,
D. H. BEARDSLEY, Collector.
JAMES DUNCAN, Esq., Massillon, Ohio.

The only nation in the world in which the language of ancient Rome is spoken at present, is Hungary, in some parts of which Latin is used as a medium of conversation between all ranks of society.

For the Gazette.

MR. CRAIG,—The "Pennsylvania Blackstone," edited by the Hon. John Reed, is a work of uncommon merit and utility; embracing, as it does, an elementary exposition of the common law of England, their statutes as reported and adjudged to be in force in Pennsylvania, the acts of our general assembly, with ample references to judicial constructions, together with a perspicuous and succinct treatise on the peculiar practice of our courts. The student is here conducted to the fountains of our legal science, is imbued with its pure and living waters, is taught to trace its devious course through all its difficulties and ramifications, until its channel, being worn deeper and wider by a succession of years, diffuses its blessings through the happy medium of our constitution and laws.

These volumes are not only inviting to the general reader and the student at law, but to those of maturer understandings, who are pleased thus to revive their impressions by availing themselves of the accurate researches of their contemporary.

We are very much gratified with the rising reputation of our President Judge of the Ninth Judicial District.

X. Y. Z.

From the Statesman.

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN MEETING.

HENRY CLAY, of *Kentucky*, for President.
WM. WIRT, of *Maryland*, for Vice-President.

In pursuance of public notice, a large and respectable number of the National Republican party attended at the Court-House, in the city of Pittsburgh, on Saturday, the 27th of August, 1831, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

General WILLIAM MARKS was called to the Chair, and EPHRAIM PENTLAND and CHAS. H. ISRAELL, were appointed Secretaries.

The object of the meeting having been fully explained by the Committee calling the same, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:—

Resolved, That this meeting concur in the recommendation of HENRY CLAY as a candidate for the office of President of the United States, and pledge themselves generally and individually, to use all fair and honorable means to promote his election to that high and distinguished station.

Resolved, That having the highest confidence in the unblemished integrity, sound republican principles, and exalted talents of WILLIAM WIRT, Esq. of Maryland, (late Attorney General of the United States,) we recommend him to the consideration of our fellow citizens as a suitable candidate for the office of Vice President of the United States.

Resolved, That CHARLES SHALER and WALTER FORWARD be appointed our delegates to attend the National Republican Convention of Delegates from the several states, to be held at the city of Baltimore in December next, and that they be instructed to nominate Henry Clay of Kentucky, as President, and William Wirt, of Maryland, as Vice-President of the United States; and to use their most efficient exertions to have them placed on the National Republican ticket, for President and Vice President, at the next election.

Resolved, That we concur with our friends at Harrisburgh, in the proceedings of their meeting held on the 15th inst. in the adoption of the following resolution: "*Resolved*, That with the approbation of our friends in the several congressional districts in this state, we appoint on our part as delegates to the National Convention at Baltimore, for the two senatorial delegates, JOHN SERGEANT, of Philadelphia, and ABNER LACOCK, of Beaver."

Resolved, That we recommend to our friends in the city of Philadelphia, the formation, without delay, of a Central Committee of Correspondence for the State and the Union; and that we recommend that as soon as such Committee is organised, that it communicate with the several Committees of Correspondence, in the various counties of this state, all useful intelligence, at least semi-monthly to such County Committees.

Resolved, That such Central Committee be requested, as it may be deemed by them useful, to communicate to the different County Committees all intelligence relative to the organization and prosperity of the National Republican party throughout the State and Union, and generally every description of information calculated to further the views and interests of the friends of national industry.

Resolved, That William Marks, James Riddle, W. W. Fetterman, Thomas Gibson, Christopher Cowan, David Coon, Walter H. Lowrie, James Adams, Robert Christy, Thomas Carter, Charles H. Israell, Robert Burke, William Robinson, Jr. John Pollock and John B. Butler, be a General Committee of Correspondence, for the county of Allegheny; and that any vacancies occurring in our delegation to the Convention at Baltimore, or in the foregoing Committee of Correspondence, be filled up by the members of said Committee.

Resolved, That this meeting, reposing entire confidence in the talents and integrity of Col. JAMES JOHNSTON, nominated for the State Senate, and of HUGH DAVIS, SAMUEL GORMLY, FRANCIS C. FLANEGIN, and ROBERT HILANDS, nominated for the House of Representatives, earnestly recommend their support to every citizen desirous of the success of those principles which are truly designed "*National Republican*."

Resolved, That the editors of newspapers friendly to the cause of genuine patriotism, the prosperity of our common country, the encouragement of domestic industry, and internal improvement as sanctioned by Congress for upwards of 30 years, as well as those in favor of a sound and well regulated currency, be requested to publish the proceedings of this meeting.

WILLIAM MARKS, Chairman.
E. PENTLAND, } Secretaries.
C. H. ISRAELL, }

Distressing Accident.—On Saturday morning last, *Lafayette*, (about eight years of age,) son of *John Shugart*, cutler, of this city, was drowned near the wharf. He was on deck of a keel boat, from which he fell into the swift current—and swam and struggled some time before he sunk into his watery grave. Active exertions were made immediately, and on Sunday following a cannon was discharged repeatedly, to restore his corpse to his agonized parents; but all efforts were ineffectual. The river was high, and it is probable that his body has been swept down the river by the impetuous torrent.—*Democrat.*

The late accounts from Europe, announcing the settlement of the Belgian question, and the return of tranquillity in that country and Holland, has given confidence to our merchants generally engaged in the trade thither. There is rather more confidence too, in making shipments to France.—By referring to our Prices Current it will be seen that Ashes have advanced, and several shipments are going forward to the Continent.

The news that the Cholera Morbus had reached St. Petersburgh, and of spreading in the north of Europe, has caused our holders of Hemp and the manufactures of Russia, to advance their pretensions, and many decline naming a price for their goods—it is difficult to regulate our quotations with accuracy, while buyers and sellers have, as in the present portion of the market, dissimilar views.

By letters too from the North of Scotland—the great mart in that country for Linen Manufactures—we learn that merchants are more anxious to prevent the introduction of the Cholera, by all means in their power, than to carry on an extensive trade—their stocks, however, are said to be sufficient to supply the present demand—and for a short time at least, it is supposed that prices will not be materially affected by their determination.—*N. Y. Mercantile Advertiser.*

The Prussian State Gazette of the 6th July contains a long article dated from the Russian headquarters, 29th June, giving an official and detailed account of the total defeat of the united forces of Grelgud and Chlapowski in an attack of the Russian troops posted at and around Wilna. The Polish accounts claim a decided victory in this battle.

INSURRECTION IN VIRGINIA.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman to his friend in Baltimore, dated *Richmond, August* 23.

An express reached the governor this morning, informing him that an insurrection had broken out in Southampton, and that, by the last accounts, there were seventy whites massacred, and the militia retreating. Another express to Petersburgh, says that the blacks were continuing their destruction: that three hundred militia were retreating in a body, before six or eight hundred blacks. A shower of rain coming up as the militia were making an attack, wet the powder so much that they were compelled to retreat, being only armed with shot guns. The negroes are armed with muskets, scythes, axes, &c. &c. Our volunteers are marching to the scene of action. A troop of cavalry left at four o'clock, P. M. The artillery, with four field pieces, start in the steam boat Norfolk, at 6 o'clock, to land at Smithfield. Southampton county lies 80 miles south of us, below Petersburgh.

From the Richmond Whig of August 23.

Disagreeable rumors having reached this city of an insurrection of the slaves in Southampton county, with loss of life: in order to correct exaggeration, and at the same time to induce all salutary caution, we state the following particulars:

An express from the Hon. James Trezvant states that an insurrection had broken out, that several families had been murdered, and that the negroes were embodied, requiring a considerable military force to reduce them.

The names and precise numbers of the families are not mentioned. A letter to the Post Master corroborates the intelligence. Prompt and efficient measures are being taken by the Governor, to call out a sufficient force to put down the insurrection, and place lower Virginia on its guard.

Serious danger of course there is none. The deluded wretches have rushed on assured destruction.

The Fayette Artillery and the Light Dragoons will leave here this evening for Southampton; the artillery go in a steam boat, and the troop by land.

We are indebted to the kindness of our friend Lyford for the following extract of a letter from the editors of the Norfolk Herald, containing the particulars of a most murderous insurrection among the blacks of Southampton county, Virginia.

NORFOLK, 24th August, 1831.

I have a horrible, a heart rending tale to relate, and lest even its worst features might be distorted by rumor and exaggeration, I have thought it proper to give you all and the worst information that has as yet reached us through the best sources of intelligence which the nature of the case will admit.

A gentleman arrived here yesterday express from Suffolk, with intelligence from the upper part of Southampton county, stating that a band of insurgent slaves (some of them believed to be runaways from the neighboring swamps,) had turned out on Sunday night last, and murdered several whole families, amounting to forty or fifty individuals. Some of the families were named, and among them was that of Mrs. Catherine Whitehead, sister of our worthy townsman, Dr. N. C. Whitehead,—who, with her son and five daughters, fell a sacrifice to the savage ferocity of these demons in human shape.

The insurrection was represented as one of the most alarming character, though it is believed to have originated only in a design to plunder, and not a view to a more important object—as Mrs. Whitehead being a wealthy lady, was supposed to have had a large sum of money in her house. Unfortunately a large number of effective male population was absent at Camp Meeting, in Gates county, some miles off; a circumstance which gave a temporary security to the brigands in the perpetration of their butcheries; and the panic which they struck at the moment, prevented the assembling of a force sufficient to check their career.

As soon as this intelligence was received, our authorities met, and decided on making an immediate application to Colonel House, commanding at Fortress Monroe, who at 6 o'clock this morning embarked on board the steam boat Hampton, with three companies and a piece of artillery for Suffolk. These troops were re-inforced in the roads by detachments from the U. States ships Warren and Natchez, the whole amounting to nearly 300 men.

To day another express arrived from Suffolk, confirming the disastrous news of the preceding one, adding still more to the number of slain.—The insurgents are believed to have from 100 to 150 mounted men, and about the same number on foot. They are armed with fowling pieces, clubs, &c. and have had a rencounter with a small number of the militia, who killed six and took eight of them prisoners. They are said to be on their way to South Quay, probably making their way to the Dismal Swamp, in which they will be able to remain for a short time in security. For my part, I have no fears of their doing much further mischief.

There is very little disaffection in the slaves generally, and they cannot muster a force sufficient to effect any object of importance. The few who have thus rushed headlong into the arena, will be shot down like crows, or captured and made examples of. The militia are collecting in all the neighboring counties, and the utmost vigilance prevails.—I subjoin a list of the victims of their savage vengeance.

Mrs. Waters and family, 14: Mrs. Whitehead, 7; Mrs. Vaughan, 5; Jacob Williams, 5; Mr. Travis, 5; William Reese, 4; Mr. Williams, 3; Mr. Baines, 2; Mrs. Turner, 3; Unknown, 10: Total, 58.

Besides these, a private letter adds the families of Mr. Barrow, and Henry Bryant—numbers not mentioned.

Muskets, pistols, swords, and amunition, have been forwarded to Suffolk to-day, by Commodore Warrington, at the request of our civil authorities, and a number of our citizens have accoutred and formed themselves as a troop of cavalry, and set off to assist their fellow citizens in Southampton. I trust the next news you hear will be that all is quiet again. In haste, yours.

Extract from another letter to the same gentleman, dated at Norfolk, 5 o'clock, P. M.—"It is now 5 o'clock—Thompson's stage has just arrived—the above statement is confirmed: and in addition it is stated that 300 negroes, well mounted and armed, and headed by one or two white men, is the amount of the insurgent force."

* Southampton is bounded by the counties of Isle of Wight on the north, and Northampton, in North Carolina, on the south.

THE INSURRECTION.

Petersburgh, (Va.) Aug. 26. A great excitement has prevailed in this town for some days past, in consequence of the receipt of information, on Monday night last, that an insurrection had broken out among the negroes in Southampton. The rumors have been so numerous and contradictory that we are unable to state to our readers at present the precise state of affairs in that country.—It appears, however, that the disturbance commenced on Sunday night last in the neighborhood of the Cross Keys, about ten miles from the court house, and has been almost entirely confined to that section of the county. The number of the insurgents has been variously estimated at from 150 to 400, acting in detached parties. From twenty-five to thirty families are said to have fallen victims to their ferocity. We are happy to say that the latest intelligence from the scene of disorder assures us that the further progress of these wretches has been arrested, that they are seeking shelter in the swamps, and that they are by this time surrounded by the militia and volunteers: the letter which we give below, written by a highly intelligent and respectable gentleman of this town, is the latest account received here, and relieves us from the necessity of detailing the various rumors in circulation.

Our friends at a distance may rest assured that we are prepared to meet any emergency. The Governor and Council have taken prompt and efficient measures to put a speedy end to the disturbance. A finely equipped troop of horse from Richmond, commanded by Capt. Harrison, and a troop of horse from Prince George, left this place on Wednesday last for Southampton. We understand that a company of artillery went down in the steamboat from Richmond on Tuesday; and that detachments of the militia have already taken up the line of march. We have not yet been able to send any assistance to our unfortunate neighbors, not having had arms more than sufficient to supply our own wants. The arms ordered by the executive did not arrive until Wednesday night; we are, therefore, now prepared to act when and where occasion may require. We trust, however, from the force already on the scene of action, that by this time tranquillity has been restored.—*Intelligencer.*

Belfield, (Greenville C.) Aug. 24.—"In the greatest haste I write you a few lines,—I can merely say that we are all in arms and in great excitement on account of the insurrection, which broke out on Sunday night last—between 80 and 100 of the whites have already been butchered—their heads severed from their bodies. The intention of the negroes was to reach the Dismal Swamp. I think however that we have them so hemmed in as to render it impossible for them to do so. On Monday night I reached Belfield (head quarters of the troops, and was given the command of a small body, and a piece of Artillery which I stationed so as to command the bridge. I was up the whole night visiting each one of my sentinels every ten minutes. At Jerusalem the blacks made three desperate attempts to cross the bridge, but were repulsed with some loss. No whites have been lost in any of the skirmishes which have taken place. Those fellows commenced by murdering a family, taking their arms and horses, and pushing on to the next house with all possible speed, where they massacre every white, even to the infant in the cradle.

They continue in this manner until they are interrupted, when they disperse and skulk about the woods, until another favorable opportunity occurs of collecting together and repeating their horrible massacres. Between 25 and 30 families have already been distroyed. Three families were yesterday murdered, one consisting of ten persons.—Something will be effected to day, as very active officers and well armed men are at the heels of these villians. Yesterday a very spirited resistance was made by a party sent out to reconnoitre and discover the position of these fellows, consisting of four against twenty blacks; the whites repulsed them, killed three or four, and took several prisoners. Many of the blacks are well mounted; their leader was shot in the attempt made to force the bridge at Jerusalem.

"We do not know their strength, but think that they are now effectually hemmed in, and must all perish within a few days. Dr. Scott left Belfield yesterday with a strong party of horse, and the determination of pursuing them until every man of them was taken or destroyed."

"ILLITERATE AS A PIG."

We stated the other day, that in consequence of having applied this expression to the Hero, Mr. Coke in Williamsburgh district, had met with sudden opposition in the person of Mr. Carter M. Braxton of the Eastern Shore. Notwithstanding his blasphemy against the "Greatest and Best," Mr. Coke has received great majorities in Gloucester, James City, and York, (losing a majority in Mathews,) and will no doubt be as well supported in the powerful county of Accomac. Mr. Braxton, in a public address, declines a "hopeless canvass," and we congratulate Virginia, that the time has not yet come, when the expression of an honest opinion, even of the immaculate Jackson himself, can be punished by proscription of the utterer. Mr. Braxton confirms the statement that opposition to Coke was organized exclusively on the ground of the irreverent comparison above.—He says:

"On Saturday preceeding the Gloucester election, I was sent for by some of my friends in Mathews, to cross the Bay immediately and place myself before the people as a candidate for Congress. A proper regard for the feelings and wishes of friends, who are near, and dear to me, and perhaps too much regard for the whispers of my own ambition induced me to do so, tho' there was under such circumstances, but little prospect of my election.

"I found on crossing the Bay that many of the friends of the present administration were incensed with their late representative, Mr. Coke, for his having said of the President "He is as unlettered as a pig." I found too that there was some fear entertained that the enemy would concentrate their forces in favor of Mr. Clay, or of Mr. Calhoun; or in some way so split and divide the republican party as to devolve the election of President on the House of Represeetatives.

"Under these circumstances I became a candidate on the day the elections commenced. Mr. Coke, in an address to the people, explained the exceptionable remark, by saying it was not intended to detract from the President, for that in the same conversation he had said he was a man of the most vigorous intellect, but as a literary man, compared with Mr. Calhoun and others, "he was as illiterate as a pig; that "he did not, and could not have intended to be understood literally, because a pig did not know his letters, and Gen. Jackson certainly did know his letters."

We have always, (having seen the original manuscript of his letter to Silas Dinsmoor, on record in the War Department, unless Major Eaton has removed it,) told the people how deplorably ignorant Jackson was—how farcical it was to make a man President, who certainly could not write intelligible English, and who in this very letter spelt women *weaman*, and guardian *guardeen;* and now it seems, we have the fact admitted, by a warm, honorable and enlightened supporter! In casting about for an illustration of Jackson's ignorance, Mr. Coke could not find, at the instant, a more suitable object to which to compare it, than a *pig!* the most stupid of animals. Yet we must all swallow him—we must gulp him down—or according to Mr. Braxton, we are no republicans.—Alas! for *the* Republican party!—*Richmond Whig.*

Extract of a letter to the Editor of the United States Gazette, dated Washington, August 26, 1831.

An ominous calm pervades our political circles at this moment, which is in excellent keeping with the dull tranquility which reigns in our deserted stores and depopulated avenues. The new cabinet are doubtless gathering up their energies, and husbanding all their courage to meet the representatives of the people in December. If we could, in these deceptious times, form any accurate judgment from appearances, or deduce the motives and intentions of men from their actions, we might be bold enough to infer, from the fact that Mr. M'Lane and Governor Cass have joined a party of which Mr. Eaton is one, to take a trip up our canal, that these gentlemen are about to fall in with the wishes of General Jackson, on this point, and thus avoid the rock on which their predecessors split.—The affair has caused some surprise and much speculation; and some of our politicians already see in perspective, the lady of the late secretary of war elevated to all the privileges which she covets, and openly controlling the court of fashion, as much as rumor declares she now secretly governs the actions of the President. It is understood that she intends to remain in this city; and as the new cabinet ministers will necessarily fix their residence here during the winter, there can be no doubt, if General Jackson persists in the opinion that Mr. Eaton is the victim of a conspiracy, and in the resolution to coerce society into an association with her, that the question will be brought to an issue the next winter. Far be it from me to censure Mrs. Eaton. Her course is perfectly natural.—She merely yields to the suggestions of her own aspiring mind, and is entitled to all the rights she can obtain, either by the blandishments of her manners, or the force of her character. If the vials of public indignation must be emptied on some one, Gen. Jackson's head will receive their contents.

Mr. Monroe.—Thursday had been appointed by the authorities of Boston to pay funeral honors to the memory of the late James Monroe. The day was unfavorable, as it rained all the morning. A large concourse of citizens, however, including the municipal and other officers, all the societies, and the Governor and suite, moved in procession at 3 o'clock, from the State House, under a military escort to the Old South, where the funeral service was read by the Rev. Mr. Doane, and an address was delivered by John Quincy Adams, which was listened to with deep attention, and will soon be printed.

German papers contain the Russian account of the defeat of General Gielgud, by Rudiger, which greatly exaggerated. The Poles do not deny that near Lublin, but it is stated that the enemy has not yet been able to turn its advantage to much account. The Government and the commander-in-chief were necessarily much distressed by the discovery of the atrocious conspiracy at Warsaw, which threatened, if not detected, such fatal mischief to the patriot cause: it seems, however, to have been arrested in very seasonable time.—From Berlin it is said that the Russians were withdrawing from the government of Plosk, with the intention of approaching nearer to Warsaw.—Their main army had reached by the last accounts to within 12 miles of the capital, so that a general battle seems inevitable.

The Russian force at Wilna amounted to 10,000 men, with 60 cannon, which the Poles, with an army of 60,000 well armed Polish and Lithuanian troops, and 60,000 distributed in the provinces, armed with pikes, scythes and muskets, were compelled by famine to leave.

Count Paskewitsch has taken command of the Russian army.—*Prussian State Gazette.*

Bookstore Removed.

HOGAN & CO. respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they have REMOVED their stock of Books and Stationery, to *No. 73 Wood Street, second door above Fourth St't.*
September 2—4t

HISTORY OF POLAND.

JOHN I. KAY & CO., Booksellers, No. 51 Market street, have just received the History of Poland, from the earliest period to the present time. By James Fletcher, Esq. With a Narrative of the Recent Events, obtained from a Polish Patriot Nobleman. Sept 2—2t

THE MECHANICS' COMPANION.—The *Mechanics' Companion*, or the elements and practice of *Carpentry, Joinery, Brick-laying, Masonry, Slating, Plastering, Painting, Smithing,* and *Turning*, comprehending the latest improvements, and containing a full description of the Tools belonging to each branch of business; with copious directions for their use, and an explanation of the terms used in each art; also an introduction to *Practical Geometry*. By *Peter Nicholson*; illustrated with *forty Copperplate engravings*. Lately published and for sale by HOGAN & Co.,
No. 73 Wood street, 2d house above Fourth.
September 2—3t.

MISS PARRY'S pupils are informed that the school-room will be opened on the first Monday in September. Sept 2

ARTIFICIAL FIREWORKS,

At the Pennsylvania Museum, S. W. Corner of Market and Fourth streets.

THE public are respectfully informed that a splendid exhibition of ARTIFICIAL FIRE WORKS, *on principles entirely new*, have been prepared at great labor and expense, and will be exhibited *every evening, at half past eight o'clock*, in the Lecture Room of Lambdin's Pennsylvania Museum, S. W. corner of Market and Fourth st's. This exhibition being produced entirely by illumination, is devoid of the smell, smoke, or other unpleasant and dangerous effects of those of the usual kind. It is believed that the citizens of this city have never had an opportunity of witnessing so splendid an exhibition. Admittance 25 cents.
September 2—tf

PROCLAMATION.—By virtue of a precept under the hands of the Honorable Charles Shaler, President of the Fifth Judicial District, composed of the county of Allegheny, and by virtue of his office of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of the Peace and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of capital and other offences in said District, and James Riddle Esquire, an Associate Judge of the same county, dated the sixth day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-one, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and of General Jail Delivery at the Court House in the city of Pittsburgh, on the Fourth Monday of October next, PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, to all Justices of the Peace, Coroner, and the Constables within the county of Allegheny, that they be then and there in their proper persons, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations, and other remembrances, to do those things which to their respective offices in that behalf appertain to be done; and also to all those who will prosecute the prisoners who now are or may then be in the jail of Allegheny, to be then and there, to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Pittsburgh, this 1st day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-one.

WM. CAVIN, Sheriff.
September 2, 1831.—4t

New Wholesale Grocery,

AND

COMMISSION WAREHOUSE,

NO. 7 MARKET STREET.

THE subscribers beg leave to say to their friends and the public, that they have formed a copartnership, under the firm of HANNA & POINDEXTER, and have taken a commodious warehouse, near the steam boat landing, where they design transacting the above business, on the best possible terms. Liberal advances will be made on consignments of the staples and products of the country, &c. &c.

THOS. HANNA,
R. W. POINDEXTER.
August 26, 1831—7t

JAMES HANSON,

SADDLER,

RESPECTFULLY informs his old customers and the public generally, that he has recommenced the SADDLING BUSINESS, at *No. 51 Liberty street*, where he will keep a constant supply of SADDLES, BRIDLES, AND HARNESS, of every description, which shall be made of the best materials, and in the most approved and substantial manner: all of which will be sold, *Wholesale and Retail*, on the most accommodating terms. Having had long experience in business, he hopes, by promptness, punctuality, and strict attention to the orders of his customers, to merit and receive a renewal of the favors of his friends and the patronage of the public.

N. B.—*Wanted Immediately*, Five or Six good hands, to work at Saddle and Harness Making.
Aug 26—tf JAMES HANSON.

PETERS' SUPREME COURT REPORTS,
Volume V.

JUST received and for sale by JOHN I. KAY & CO., 51 Market street, Reports of Cases argued and adjudged in the Supreme Court of the United States, January Term, 1831. Vol 5. By Richard Peters. Aug 23—6

To the Free Voters of Allegheny County.

FELLOW CITIZENS:—At the request of some of my friends, I have consented to place my name before you as a candidate for the Legislature of Pennsylvania.

As it is the first time I have solicited the suffrages of my friends, I deem it proper to state that I am a democratic republican: the leading principles which constitute the basis of my political creed, will be found in the constitution of our country: "that all rightful power is in the people, and can only emanate from their will."

The encouragement and protection of internal improvement and domestic industry, will, if I be elected, receive my ardent and zealous support.

With this brief exposition of my views, I remain, respectfully, your fellow citizen,

GEORGE WATSON.

Pittsburgh, August 19—tf

NEW AND RARE COLLECTION
OF
LIVING ANIMALS,
RECENTLY IMPORTED TO THIS COUNTRY.

THE UNICORN, or RHINOCEROS, being the first and only animal of the kind ever exhibited in this part of the country. It has been considered by theological commentators as the Unicorn of holy writ, as mentioned and particularly described in the book of Job. It ranks next to the Elephant in size, and many writers consider him equal in bulk. It was imported into this country from Calcutta, in October, 1830.

The Royal African Red Lion,
Black and White Lamas,
Royal Bengal Tiger,
White Camel, African Leopard,
North American Panther,
South American Cougar,
The Lynx of Japan,
A pair of Ocelots.

The above, together with a great variety of other Animals and Curious Fowls, will be exhibited at the Black Bear tavern, in Pittsburgh, for THIS WEEK ONLY. Hours of Exhibition, from ten o'clock A M, until 5 P M, and in the evening from 7 until 9 o'clock. The company will be entertained, during the exhibition, with excellent music, upon Kent Bugles, Clarionets, Violins, &c.

Admittance 25 cents: Children under ten years half price. Aug 30—2t

M. & F. TIERNAN have removed their store to the house lately occupied by Mason & M'Donough, No. 46 Wood street, where they are now opening, (in addition to their former stock,) a splendid assortment of SEASONABLE GOODS. Aug 26—F4t

☞The Steubenville Herald, New Lisbon Palladium, Washington Reporter, and the paper at Marietta, will each insert the above advt. 4 weeks.

FLAX-SEED.

THE highest price will be paid, at all times, for FLAX-SEED, delivered at our Oil-Mill, in Bayardstown, or at our warehouse, No. 84 Front street, Pittsburgh.

M'KEE, CLARKE & CO.
Augnst 26, 1831—w2mo

NOTICE—The connexion in business between Allison Owen and Alfred Hayden, in Cincinnati, under the firm of Owen & Hayden, was dissolved on the 29th ult., by the decease of Mr. Hayden. The undersigned will adjust all acc'ts of the firm, and continue the business as heretofore. ALLISON OWEN.

ALLISON OWEN, (late Owen & Hayden) will continue at the same stand, to transact *A GENERAL AGENCY and COMMISSION BUSINESS*, and solicits a continuance of the patronage extended to the late firm.
Cincinnati, July 12—w3mo

NOTICE.

P. CONNOLY having taken into partnership in the Dry Goods business, his son, PETER CONNOLY, the business will in future be conducted under the firm of P. CONNOLY & SON. They respectfully inform their customers and the public generally, that they are now opening a handsome assortment of *Foreign and Domestic Goods*, at their stores, No. 71 Market street, south west corner of the Diamond, and on Liberty street, 3 doors from Market street, all of which will be sold, Wholesale or Retail, at the lowest prices.

N. B. All those who know themselves indebted to P. Connoly, either by note or book account, would do well to call and settle up, as it is important that he should *close his old accounts.*
August 9—w4t

A FIRST RATE FARM
FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale, that very valuable Farm, situated on the Pennsylvania Canal, in Beaver county, and about 6 miles from Beaver town, the Ohio river and Darlington, on the New Castle road. The tract contains about 400 acres; has a front on Beaver creek of nearly half a mile, a short distance above the upper dam, on the falls of Beaver. There is nearly 150 acres cleared, and under fence, from 30 to 40 acres of which is bottom meadow, with a stream of water passing through: the remainder in a high state of cultivation. The timber is principally white oak, with a mixture of walnut and locust, for which there is an increasing demand. There is plenty of Stone Coal and a Sugar Camp on the premises: likewise, a small Orchard of 70 or 80 trees of excellent fruit: also, Peach and grafted Pear trees, just beginning to bear. The improvements are a two story LOG HOUSE, lined inside, and frame Kitchen attached; a substantial barn, 60 by 40 feet, with stables underneath for fifteen or 20 head of cattle. It would make an excellent stock farm and tavern stand. One half the purchase money in hand, and credit for one and two years for the balance. The subscriber, on the premises, will show the same to any person wishing to purchase and for terms apply to him, or to Major R. DARRAGH, Sharon, or J. R. SHANNON, Esq Beaver. A good title, clear of all incumbrance, and possession of the same will be given on or before the first of April next.

WM. B. OSMON.

The purchaser can have the stock of horses, oxen, cows, &c. and farming utensils, at a fair price.
W. B. O.
August 9.—w1mo.

NOTICE.—Many persons who have been crossing at *Jones's Ferry*, during the years 1824, 1825, 1826, 1827, 1828, 1829, 1830, and 1831, yet owe me Ferriages for the whole or the greater part of that time. This, therefore, is to give notice to all persons indebted to me, to call and pay me, on or before the FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER NEXT, or their accounts and due-bills will be placed in a magistrate's hands for collection.

My old friends are informed that the report that I have stopped Ferrying is entirely false. I have *seven good Flats* at my landing, and good ferrymen to attend them. The stage has this summer been taken across the river, in one of my flats, with one hand, in seven minutes.

THOMAS JONES.
August 23.—7t

NEW WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS STORE.

PALMER & HIGBY are now receiving and opening, at the stand formerly occupied by Messrs. M'Clurg & Dennison, No 61 Wood street

A Large and General Assortment of
DRY GOODS,
OF THE NEWEST STYLE AND IMPORTATION.

Their arrangements are such, as to be constantly supplied from the New York and Philadelphia markets, with desirable articles.

They respectfully solicit purchasers to call and examine their stock.
March 11, 1831—tf6mo.

"Prize Selling Office."

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 18, for 1831, to be drawn at Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, THE 10TH of SEPTEMBER, 1831. YATES & M'INTYRE, Managers. 60 Number Lottery, 9 Drawn Ballots.

SPLENDID SCHEME.

1 prize of	$30,000	is	$30,000
2	10,000		20,000
4	5,000		20,000
1	1,640		1,640
8	1,000		8,000
22	500		11,000
46	300		13,800
51	200		10,200
51	100		5,100
51	50		2,550
102	40		4,080
102	30		3,060
1479	20		29,580
11475	10		114,750
34220 Tickets			$273,760

Tickets	$10 00	Halves	$5 00
Quarters	2 50	Eighths	1 25

Orders from abroad, enclosing cash or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

The REGISTER, containing an official statement of the drawing, will be forwarded to each adventurer. Cash paid for prizes on presentation.

Apply to or address

GEORGE A. COOK.

Agent for Yates & M'Intyre, No. 68 Wood street.

Where was sold, a few weeks since, the splendid capital prize of SIXTY THOUSAND DOLLARS; and where has been sold and paid, Prizes amounting to THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS. Aug. 30.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 18, for 1831; to be drawn in Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1831. Yates & M'Intyre, Managers. Sixty Number Lottery—Nine Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$30,000	is	$30,000
2	10,000		20,000
4	5,000		20,000
1	1,640		1,640
8	1,000		8,000
22	500		11,000
46	300		13,800
51	200		10,200
51	100		5,100
51	50		2,550
102	40		4,080
102	30		3,060
1479	20		29,580
11475	10		114,750
34220 tickets.			$273,760

Tickets	$10 00	Halves	$5 00
Quarters	2 50	Eighths	1 25

Orders from abroad, (post paid) enclosing cash or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

A statement of the drawing will be forwarded to each adventurer. Cash paid for prizes on presentation. Apply to, or address,

JOHN SIBBET,

At the Lottery and Exchange Office, No. 114 Market street, corner of Liberty, Pittsburgh.

Where was sold, in Class 6, the Capital Prize of $25,000; in Class 7, the Capital Prize of $5,000, and in Class 10, the Capital Prize of $6,000. Aug. 30, 1831.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA

CLASS No. 18, for 1831; to be drawn in Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1831. YATES & M'INTYRE, Managers. Sixty Number Lottery—Nine Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$30,000	is	$30,000
2	10,000		20,000
4	5,000		20,000
1	1,640		1,640
8	1,000		8,000
22	500		11,000
46	300		13,800
51	200		10,200
51	100		5,100
51	50		2,550
102	40		4,080
102	30		3,060
1479	20		29,580
11475	10		114,750
34220 tickets.			$273,760

Tickets	$10 00	Halves	$5 00
Quarters	2 50	Eighths	1 25

☞For Tickets and Shares, apply to or address

WM. HAMILTON & CO.

No. 17 Exchange Buildings, St. Clair street. Aug. 30, 1831

DRUG AND MEDICAL WAREHOUSE.

THE subscribers have associated themselves together for the purpose of carrying on the DRUG BUSINESS, under the firm of

HOLMES & KIDD.

They beg leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that they have purchased the stock in trade of the late Dr. G. Dawson, which stock was in good order, and no doubt but the finest assortment in the city. A large addition will be added to the stock in a few days, as one of the partners has visited the eastern cities, and made purchases for cash: also made arrangements for regular supplies of fresh articles, viz: Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Paints, Dye Stuffs, Perfumeries, &c., all of which they will warrant genuine.

Physicians, Country Merchants and others can be supplied on moderate terms, dealers in their line would do well to call and examine their stock. Special attention will still be paid to retail business: the best articles kept on hand for family use.

They feel assured from the knowledge of the business they have, and experience in the same, and the punctuality which they will pursue toward them that favor them with a call, that a sufficient share of public patronage will be awarded.

Special attention will be paid to packing goods, ordered from a distance.

N. HOLMES & J. KIDD.

Agents for Dr Dyott's Medicine, Potter's Vegetable Catholicon, La Mott's Cough Drops, and the Balm of Iberia, *Wood street, No. 60.*

July 22—w3mo.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

260 ACRES of excellent LAND, (lat) the estate of Anthony Rollins, dec.e situate in Versailles township, Allegheny county, about one mile from Stewartsville, are offered for for sale. The improvements are, a shingle roofed log house and double barn and other out buildings, with a suitable portion of the land cleared, and in a high state of cultivation. On the premises are two valuable Sugar Camps. Possession may be had on the first day of April next. An indisputable title will be given. Daniel M'Cauly, who lives on the place, will show the premises. For further particulars inquire of the subscriber, near M'Grew's mill, in North Huntingdon township, Westmoreland county, who is authorized to sell said property.

SAMUEL M'GREW.

July 19, 1831—3mows3

PATENT PLANING MACHINE.—The right to use this valuable machine, invented and patented by William Woodworth, Machine, known as Woodworth's Patent Planing Machine, the subscriber may be obtained on application, in Allegheny, Butler, Beaver, for the counties of Allegheny, Fayette, Somerset, Cambria, Indiana, Jefferson, Clearfield, M'Kean, Warren, Venango, Mercer, Crawford, and Erie, in the State of Pennsylvania. That part of Maryland lying west of the Blue Ridge; all that part of Virginia lying west of the Blue Ridge, except the county of Ohio. The whole of the state of Ohio except the counties of Hamilton, Butler, and Montgomery. The whole of the state of Kentucky, except the counties of Jefferson, Boone, Oldham, Gallatin, and Campbell. The whole of Indiana, except the counties of Floyd, Clark, Jefferson, Dearborn, and Switzerland. The whole of the state of Illinois, and the territory of Michigan. Rights to use the machine in that part of the United States, named above, will be sold by the single county or in larger districts. As it is presumed that no one will purchase without seeing the machine at work, a description of it is deemed unnecessary. Should any person, however, wish to purchase, and find it inconvenient to visit the places where it is in operation, a machine will be furnished, warranted to plane, tongue and groove, and bring to an exact width and thickness, a white pine board of 12 feet long, and of any width from 1 to 14 inches, in one minute and ten seconds, or an oak board of the same dimensions in 2 minutes and 10 seconds. Machines may be seen at work in the cities of New Orleans, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and others at the south and east, at Wheeling, Virginia, and at the saw mill of Messrs. Irwin & Herron, in this city.

Persons desiring to purchase will have the certificates of scientific and practical men who have seen it at work, in the different places in which it has been put up, forwarded to them. They give their opinion as to the great value of the invention, state the time they have seen boards dressed by this machine, and describe the quality of the work as compared with that performed by hand labor.

LEONARD CHESTER,
Acting for the Proprietor.

Pittsburgh Hotel, April 19, 1831.

NOTICE.—*John Hannen* has taken his son-in law, *John E. Park*, into partnership with him in the Drug business, and in the manufacturing of white lead; and all their transactions will be done under the firm of JOHN HANNEN & CO. All persons indebted to John Hannen, are required to make payment without delay.

January 21.

LYNCH & BUTTERWORTH,
Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,
Corner of Fourth and Wood Streets,
PITTSBURGH.

PUBLIC SALES of Groceries, and Furniture every Tuesday and Friday, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and of Dry Goods and Hardware, Fancy Cutlery, Jewelry, &c. every evening, at 7 o'clock, P. M. Liberal advances made on consignments.

April 5—tf.

NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm of *Towne & Gazzam*, is this day dissolved by mutual consent; those indebted are requested to make payment to A. H. Gazzam, who is authorised to settle the business of the firm, and those having claims will present the same to him for adjustment and payment.

JOHN TOWNE.

Mobile, May 15, 1831. [June 3.—tf.]

TARIFF FOUNDRY,

AND

STEAM ENGINE MANUFACTORY,

Fronting on First and Water streets, immediately below the Monongahela Bridge.

THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully inform their friends and the public that they have added to their Steam Engine Manufactory AN AIR FOUNDRY, and are now ready to execute all kinds of Castings, with promptness and in the best manner. Grateful for past favors in the Steam Engine business, they respectfully solicit a continuance of them, and pledge the public that no efforts shall be wanting to give satisfaction.

J. F. & E. GREER.

June 28—1y

☞The following papers will insert the above seven times, mark cost at bottom, and send bills to this office.—Greensburgh Gazette, Brownsville Intelligencer, Washington Pa. Reporter, Maysville Eagle, Louisville Focus, Orleans Argus, St. Louis Republican, Kenawha Va. Banner, Cincinnati Gazette.

NEW JUVENILE READER.

THE Infant School Reader; consisting of words of one sound, with 150 Spelling Lessons of words of one syllable; the meanings of which are also well explained by words of one syllable. By W. Ballantine—embellished with numerous wood cuts.—"It needs all we know to make things plain."

N. B.—Teachers and parents are particularly requested to examine the above little work, as it is one so well adapted to the instruction of youth. Just published and for sale by JOHN I. KAY & Co., Book-sellers, 51 Market street. June 14.—tf.

☞Stage Drivers Wanted.

I WISH TO HIRE SIX PERSONS TO DRIVE STAGE.

NONE need apply but those who can come well recommended for good horse-masters and first rate reinsmen. For such I will pay from $10 to $18 per month. Apply to

GEO. A. DOHRMAN,
April 27—tf. Steubenville, Ohio.

SYLVESTER'S

Lottery & Exchange Office

NEXT DOOR TO THE EXCHANGE, PITTSBURGH.

S. J. SYLVESTER, of New York, has opened an Office as above, for the sale of Lottery Tickets, and transacting all business connected with the Exchange of Notes, Purchasing of Gold, &c. Adventurers in lotteries are requested to make a trial at the new office. They may rely on being served faithfully, punctually, and attentively. The name of Sylvester is well known in connexion with the selling of prizes. There are hundreds of persons in the United States who have been made independent by their purchases from the Sylvesters in Philadelphia and New York Prizes sold at this office will be cashed on favorable terms, or the money may be had at any of the Managers' offices in the Union.

S. J. S. will continue his office in New York; his brother N. Sylvester will attend at Pittsburgh. Orders by mail are solicited, and shall meet with the utmost punctuality. For the information of those remitting, Sylvester begs to state he has special permission to refer to Messrs. Yates & M'Intyre.

☞A semi-monthly paper will be issued from this office containing the drawn numbers of past, and schemes of the ensuing lotteries, a bank note list, counterfeit detecter, and general information. This paper will be sent *gratis* to all who deal with the proprietors.

Exchange Buildings, St. Clair street, Pittsburgh.

☞The schemes now before the public are unusually splendid. Sylvester will keep tickets in all authorised lotteries, and in great variety. When one or more tickets are ordered, postage *need not be paid.* August 2,—tf.

WANTED,

GREENSBURGH BANK PAPER—at 35 per cent. discount.

GEORGE A. COOK,
Lottery and Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh. Nov. 12, 1830.—tf.

NO CURE, NO PAY!

MR. E. H. HALL respectfully informs the public, that he intends opening a School at No. 212 Liberty street, to cure *STAMMERING and other IMPEDIMENTS OF SPEECH.*—Having much experience in the business, he feels confident that he shall be able to please all who place themselves under his instructions: and he assures those who do not receive perfect and complete satisfaction, that they will be charged nothing, and paid all reasonable expenses. Those applying to the above, can receive satisfactory references. June 17—6mo.

This is to certify, that I, the subscriber, of Washington county, Pa. have been afflicted with stammering from my youth, and, after taking instructions from E. H. Hall eight days, I have obtained relief, and feel confident that if proper attention is paid to the rule, it will effect a permanent cure. HUGH M'CANDLESS.

May 10th, 1831.

This is to certify, that I, the subscriber, of Washington county, Pa. have been afflicted with stammering from my youth, and have been under instructions to no avail, before I applied to E. H. Hall, and after being with him 6 days, I have found relief, and think that if proper attention is paid to the rule, it will effect a permanent cure.

JAMES BRIMNER.

May 10th, 1831.

Since I gave the above certificate, I have adhered to the rule strictly, and I do believe that I am perfectly and permanently cured, for I feel no inclination to stammer, nor have I for some time, and I do think if any person will attend to it as they should do, they will get clear of it in a very short time, for I did stammer very much, and now it is all off. JAMES BRIMNER.

June 11, 1831.

Receiving & Forwarding House,

NEW ORLEANS.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has established himself in NEW ORLEANS, for the purpose of attending exclusively to the Receiving and Forwarding of Merchandise; and feels confident, from his experience in business, and determination of adopting well regulated and moderate charges, of giving satisfaction to those who may entrust their business to his care. WM. BUCHANAN.

Refer to Messrs. Allen & Grant, Riddle, Forsyth & Co., or M'Kee, Clarke & Co. Pittsburgh.

October 26, 1830—tf.

TO THE PEOPLE OF ALLEGHENY CO.

FELLOW-CITIZENS: I offer myself as a candidate for *SHERIFF*, at the ensuing general election; and I shall esteem it an honor, for which I will ever be grateful, if the result shall prove that I have been considered worthy of your favor and support. WM. GRAHAM, JR.

Pittsburgh, May 24—te

Storage, Forwarding, and Commission WAREHOUSE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully inform Merchants, Iron-masters, Salt Manufacturers, and the public in general, that they have commenced the above business, in the new and extensive brick house two doors below the bridge, where they will Receive and Forward GOODS, IRON, SALT, &c. destined for the West by the Pennsylvania Canal, and for the East, by the Northern Turnpike. By strict attention to business, they hope to merit and receive a share of public favors. Charges for Forwarding and Commission will be moderate.

JAMES SPEER,
MARK GRAHAM.

Blairsville, Oct. 27—tf.

FANCY LAMPS,

PLATED CASTERS, &c.

BAKEWELL, PAGE & BAKEWELLS, have just received, direct from the manufactories, and offer for sale, an elegant collection of *Bronze and Or Moulu, Astral* and *Mantel Lamps*, from ten to thirty dollars per pair; PLATED CASTERS, with cut and moulded bottles, silver edges and handles, from two to ten dollars per set: together with their usual extensive assortment of *PLAIN, PREST, and CUT GLASS WARE,*

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION;

Cut and Moulded Smelling and Toilet Bottles; Cut, Prest & Plain Bureau Knobs, &c. &c. &c.

Pittsburgh, December 25, 1829—tf.

PITTSBURGH & PHILADELPHIA

CLOTHING STORE.

GEORGE C. MORGAN

HAS REMOVED to No. 102, Wood street, and has furnished his Fashionable Clothing Store with a supply of articles in his line, suitable for the present and approaching seasons, and conforming in style and fashion, to the last eastern patterns. His stock comprises the greatest variety, and has been selected with much care as to the quality of the goods.

☞Cloths, Vestings, Trimmings, and Fancy Articles, will be disposed of on the most reasonable terms.

☞Work made to order, on the shortest notice. Sept. 25.—tf.

THE subscriber wishes to rent the large Three Story Brick Dwelling House and Shop, where he now resides, situated in Liberty, between Market and Wood streets.

March 18.—tf. FELIX BRUNOT.

J. C. BUCKLES,
Commission Merchant,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

IS prepared to Receive, Sell, and Forward every description of GOODS.

December 21, 1827—tf.

N. R. Smith & Rev. John Stark

RESPECTFULLY inform their respecrive patrons, that they have associated for the purpose of opening, in the upper apartment of the Allegheny Academy, a Male and Female Seminary. Arrangements have been made to prevent communication between the schools; and to secure to their pupils all the advantages to be derived from associated means of instruction, the teachers will interchange their labors, each confining his attention to particular branches. Mr. Stark will take charge of the Latin class, which will be subject to no interruptions to prevent its regular progress. Lectures on Italian Book-Keeping, and English Grammar and Composition united, will be given by Mr. Smith, at hours allotted for those purposes. In a word, the Instructers pledge themselves to endeavor at the greatest permanent utility in the education of their male and female pupils.—The schools will open on Monday, the 15th inst. Terms as usual.

☞The Christian Herald, Manufacturer, Statesman, and the Times, will please to insert this advertisement each three times.

Allegheny-Town, Aug. 12—6t

New Hardware Store,

NO. 66 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.

LOGAN & KENNEDY

RESPECTFULLY announce that they have received an additional supply of HARDWARE, for Fall sales, which they offer on the most accommodating terms, to merchants, mechanics, and others, wholesale and retail. Aug 30

To Baltimore and Philadelphia

TRAVELLERS.

THE LINE OF STAGES between Chambersburgh and Baltimore, on the Somerset and Mountpleasant route, has been doubled, and now runs DAILY, (Mondays excepted,) leaving Chambersburgh *at day-light* in the morning, and arriving in Baltimore, early the same evening.

Passengers reach Philadelphia, in this way, the second afternoon, from Chambersburgh, without the loss of any rest; taking the splendid STEAM BOAT LINES, which set out at 6 o'clock in the morning. [via CHESAPEAKE AND DELAWARE CANAL, a work well worth the trip to see.]

REESIDE, Owner.

In all cases where the passengers desire to reach Baltimore in time for the 5 o'clock steam-boat to Philadelphia, they can do so by leaving Chambersburgh at one o'clock in the morning, or immediately after the arrival of the Western Mail Stage. In this way, they arrive in Philadelphia, by eight o'clock the *second morning*, from Chambersburgh.

☞When a load offers, the stage will run on Mondays. April 23, 1830.—tf.

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE Bank of Pittsburgh offers for sale the following valuable property in this city viz:—ALL that piece of ground, situated on Market street, between Front and Second streets, formerly owned by Abner Barker, containing in Front on Market street thirty feet, and extending back: on which are erected one two story brick dwelling house, with other back buildings.

Also, All that piece of ground, situated on Third street, between Market and Wood streets, formerly occupied as the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank, containing in Front on Third street twenty feet, and extending back towards Fourth street eighty-five feet; on which is erected a two story brick building.

Also, Adjoining the above, one other lot, containing twenty feet in front, and extending back eighty-five feet; on which is erected one frame building. Between the two last mentioned buildings an alley will be left for the common use of both.

Also, All that piece of ground situated on the north side of Diamond Alley, between Wood and Smithfield Streets, containing in front on Diamond Alley fifteen feet, and extending back half way to Fifth Street, on which is erected a two story brick dwelling house, with back buildings, now occupied by Copernicus Walters.

Also, That piece of ground, situated on Third street, between Wood street and Hay Scale Alley, containing in front upon Third street about twenty feet, and extending back along said alley about eighty-five feet; on which are erected one two story brick dwelling and back buildings.

Also, The undivided half part of that piece of ground, situated on Wood street, between Front and Second streets, containing in front on Wood street about forty-eight feet, and extending back part sixty and part ninety feet; on which are erected two three story brick dwelling houses and back buildings, now occupied by Charles L. Volz and Willard Leonard.

Also, All that piece of ground, situated on the north side of the Diamond, containing in front on the Diamond about thirty-seven feet, and extending back to Jail alley; on which are erected two two story brick dwelling houses and back buildings, now occupied by Ephraim Pentland, Esq. and Mrs. Gormly.

Also, All that tract of Land, situated on Turtle Creek, commonly called "Dirty Camp."

For terms apply to the CASHIER

January 22, 1830.—tf

PRINTING INK.

JUST received from the Manufactory of *Johnson & Son*, a fresh supply of Book and News Ink, for winter and spring use, in kegs from 13 to 28 pounds.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON.

January 1, 1830.—tf

FOR RENT, A three story brick warehouse and back buildings, lately occupied by B. Gleadall, next to Schweppe & Horner's, Third street, near Market str't. Apply to GEO. COCHRAN, of Rd.

January 18—tf.

FORT PITT GLASS WORKS.—The subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have the above works in their hands, and will continue the Manufactory of

FLINT GLASS, CUT AND PLAIN,

Of various descriptions and patterns: and have appointed L. & P. PETERSON, (corner of Market and Front Streets,) Agents to dispose of the same—where a general assortment will always be kept on hand. Merchants and others will be furnished on accommodating terms.

All orders left with our agents will be thankfully received and promptly executed.

R. B. CURLING & SONS.

September 18 1829.—tf.

The American Fire Insurance Co.

OF PHILADELPHIA

DAILY make Insurance against loss or damage by FIRE, on Houses & Merchandise, Job Bacon, Secretary, No. 101 Chesnut street. Philadelphia. GEO. COCHRAN, Ag't,

Sept. 25—tf *No. 26 Wood street, Pittsburgh.*

SHEARS.

THE subscribers are manufacturing revolving and vibrating SHEAR BLADES, of a superior quality. They will be stamped "F. A. Bemis & Co." and warranted to the purchaser.—A sample can be seen at Messrs. L. & P. Peterson's, on the corner of Market and Front streets, and a constant supply will be kept on hand at the manufactory, No. 24 Water street.

ALSO, will be made to order, SHEARING MACHINES of improved construction: price from $50 to $125. Having in operation machinery expressly for grinding, Shears will be ground with the greatest accuracy, at a short notice.

Nov. 17—tf. F. A. BEMIS & Co.

We the subscribers have purchased and made use of Shears made by F. A. Bemis & Co., Pittsburgh, and consider them superior to any in use in this section of the country.

JOHN M'DOWELL,
DANIEL HICKMAN.

Bridgeville, September 15, 1830.

The undersigned have purchased and made use of broad and narrow Shearing Machines, made by F. A. Bemis & Co., and can recommend them to the public, as superior to any we have before used or seen in operation. R & J. HALL,

Sept. 23. *Manufacturers, near Pittsburgh.*

We the undersigned have in operation a Shearing Machine, and also a set of Blades, made by F. A. Bemis & Co., and feel confident in recommending them to the public, as articles superior in their kind to any we have used or seen in this country. A. & J. MURPHY.

Fleecedale Woollen Manufactory, Sept. 29, 1830.

Pittsburgh Starch Manufactory.

STARCH manufactured at the above establishment, may be had at the store of George Kirkpatrick, No. 8 Diamond Alley, or at either of the following stores—James Park & Co.; Tassey & Church; I. R. Smith & Co.; J. D. Davis, or Gabriel Adams. ALEX. FERGUSON,

June 18.—tf. GEO. KIRKPATRICK.

DOCTOR ROBERT'S

WELCH MEDICAMENTUM.

FOR the cure of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Cholic, Fever and Ague, Dysentery, Headach, Loss of Appetite, Flatulence, Hypochondria, Hysterics, Dropsical Complaints, and Heartburn, It also prevents all Bilious disorders, and removes habitual Costiveness, Asthma, Strangury, Gravel, Rheumatism, Gout, and Impurities of the Blood.

A person who uses this Medicamentum will not require the use of the lancet, or any means of the healing art. It restores and revives the animal spirits, invigorates the system, removes nervous tremors, obtunds rheumatic and anthritic pains, and prevents their return. It cleanses the stomach of all morbid humors, which cause indigestion, acidities, headach, and lowness of spirits; cures all bilious disorders, and all cholics of the stomach and bowels, almost immediately; inspires cheerfulness; gives comfort to the dropsical; takes away palpitation of the heart; gives circulation to the blood; restores bloom to the sallow or sickly cheek, and plumpness to the meagre habit; purges without pain, and banishes all cause of fever of every kind. It acts on the stomach, that great reservoir of the human system, a diseased state of which causes all diseases. No alteration in the usual habits of life is required, but the abstaining from distilled ardent spirits.

CERTIFICATE,

From Rev. Derick Lansing, D. D., Pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church in Utica.

UTICA, Jan. 6, 1830.

To Dr. Hitchcock.—Dear Sir: I have always been one of the number of those who have placed little confidence in *nostrums* or *specifics*, and for this reason, although I saw your advertisement of the Welch Medicamentum, I could not bring my mind to consent to use it. My sufferings, from indigestion, during the past summer, were so severe, as materially to affect my comfort, and my capacity for usefulness. I have reason to thank you, sir, that, on hearing of the state of my health, you kindly sent me your Medicamentum. I have taken it faithfully, and with entire success. I have not been visited with one of those turns of distress, which before were weekly periodical, since I began to take your valuable medicine. Could I receive the same relief which I have hitherto experienced, on condition of taking it for life, I should cheerfully comply with such condition. Your's, very truly, D. C. LANSING.

☞Sold by THOMPSON & MILLER, at their Drug Warehouse, No. 81 Wood street, Pittsburgh. Nov. 26—tf.

WANTED,

ONE thousand five hundred and one thousand dollars, on mortgage, well secured on Real Estate in this city. Inquire of

N. HOLMES,
Sept. 17.—tf No. 33 Market street.

ALLEGHENY LOTS.

FOR SALE, a number of LOTS, fronting on the Broad Common in the rear of the town of Allegheny. These Lots afford the most desirable seats for country residences of any now offered for sale. The terms will be extremely favorable. A credit of from one to five years will be given to purchasers. A plan of the Lots is left at the office of Discount and Deposit and at the bank of Pittsburgh, for the inspection of purchasers.

W. Robinson, Jr.

Aug. 25, 1826.—tf. *Allegheny Town*

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.

THAT the Charter of the Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association being about to expire, it is intended to close its affairs as soon as possible. All persons indebted to the Institution are required to make immediate payment to George Cochran of Rd. Agent of the Association, and all persons having claims against it, are requested to present the same for settlement.

B. BAKEWELL,
THOMAS HAZLETON,
WM. PORTER,
THOMAS FAIRMAN,
JOHN SPEAR,

Com'tee for closing the Affairs of the Association.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 9, 1830.—tf.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN That the Notes, Book Accounts, and all other property of Robert Patterson and J. H Lambdin, late Stationers and Paper Manufacturers, trading under the firm of R. Patterson & Lambdin, have been assigned to the subscribers this day, for the benefit of creditors.

HENRY HOLDSHIP,
C. ANSHUTZ,
MARTIN RAHM.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 22, 1823—tf

FINDLAY & MADEIRA

HAVE REMOVED their Wholesale and Retail Drug Store, to the corner of Front and Market streets. Jan 21—tf

TO BE LET

THAT well finished THREE STORY BRICK HOUSE, at the corner of Grant and Second streets, now occupied by Mr. James Gray. Apply to D. S. SCULLY, Esq. or HARMAR DENNY.

ALSO, The Three Story Brick House adjoining, now occupied by J. & D. Moore. Immediate possession to be given. Apply, in the absence of Wm. Croghan, Esq., to D. S. SCULLY, at his office, in the Diamond. April 8—tf

50 BOXES EASTERN CUT TACKS, received on consignment, and for sale at manufacturers' prices, by

COCHRAN & IRWIN,
June 17 Nos. 108 and 110 Second street.

FOR SALE.

A NUMBER of valuable BUILDING LOTS in the vicinity of this city, part of the estate of Dr. George Stevenson, late of Wilmington, (Del.) deceased. For terms apply to the subscribers.

W. M'KNIGHT,
HARMAR DENNY,
J. SNYDER,

Pittsburgh, Nov. 3, 1829—tf *Executors.*

LAW NOTICE.

GEORGE SELDEN has removed his office to No. 18 in the Diamond, next door to Alderman Lowrie; where, having no other pursuit to which his attention is directed, he devotes himself exclusively to the profession of the law. Jan 7

CIRCULAR.—The subscribers beg leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that they have associated together for the purpose of transacting a general FORWARDING AND COMMISSION BUSINESS, under the firm of

LITTLE & HAYS,

and have taken that commodious brick warehouse, Nos. 3 & 5 Market st't, where they are prepared to receive any consignments directed to their care. As they neither have nor intend having any interest or agency in any boats, correspondents may depend on having their goods forwarded without delay, unless otherwise directed.

They will be constantly supplied with a general assortment of *Pittsburgh Manufactured Articles*, which will be furnished at manufacturers' prices.

Orders and Consignments thankfully received and punctually attended to.

WILLIAM LITTLE,
ROBERT S. HAYS.

Pittsburgh, June 10, 1831—tf

NEW BOARDING HOUSE.—James Reynolds, from Geneva, in the state of New York, has opened a BOARDING HOUSE, in the commodious and pleasant brick building, at the corner of Ferry and Fourth streets, where a few genteel Boarders will be accommodated.

July 1—tf

PRINTS.—S. J. Sylvester has received from New York, and offers for sale, at his office, 16 Exchange Buildings, a small invoice of FRENCH PRINTS, worthy of notice, as being cheap and amusing. They will be disposed of wholesale or retail. At the same place may be had a variety of Caps and Stocks, suitable for each season of the year.—Country Store Keepers can now be supplied with *Black Hair Seal Caps.* S. J. SYLVESTER,

Near to Williamson's Exchange, Saint Clair street. August 26.

NEW ORLEANS and MOBILE PAPER received at this office at 5 per cent. discount.

GEORGE A COOK,
Lottery & Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street
November 19, 1830.

THOMAS ANDERSON & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Refer to M'KEE, CLARKE & Co. } Pittsburgh.
JAS. ADAMS, JR. & Co. }
HAMILTON STEWART, }

STORAGE & FORWARDING.—Thomas Anderson & Co. have extensive warehouses, and are prepared to Receive and Forward Merchandise, in any direction required

May 14, 1830.—tf.

Kensington Rolling Mill.

S. & R. LEONARD have associated with them A. M'N. SEMPLE. The business in future will be conducted under the firm of LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD; at the above place, on the Monongahela River, above Suke's Run.

The agency of W. H. Hays is discontinued. LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD intend making and constantly keeping on hand the following kinds of IRON, of the neatest and best quality, which they offer on accommodating terms:

1d. 2d. 3d. 4d. 5d. 6d. 8d. and 10d. Hoop,
Round and Square, from 1-4 in. to 3 in.
Nail, Chain, Deck, and Spike Rods,
Tire and Flat Iron,—all sizes.

Pittsburgh, May 21, 1829—tf.

DAVY'S CONSOLATIONS.

JUST published, and for sale, by Hogan & Co. Corner of Front and Market streets, CONSOLATIONS IN TRAVEL: or the Last Day's of a Philosopher; by Sir *Humphrey Davy*, Bart. late President of the Royal Society. With a sketch of the Author's Life, and Notes, by Jacob Green, M. D. Professor of Chemistry in Jefferson Medical College. Sept. 21.—tf.

AUCTION GOODS.

M. S. MASON & M'DONOUGH,

46 WOOD STREET,

Are now receiving a very extensive and choice assortment of

European, India, and American,

DRY GOODS,

EMBRACING every variety suited to the *Western Trade;* and having been selected with particular care, at the *New York and Philadelphia Auctions*, are offered at wholesale, for cash or approved paper, at a small advance.

Country merchants can always depend on being supplied with the latest style of Importations; and in consequence of one of our firm being now in *Europe*, we are enabled to *import* our *Foreign Goods* at much cheaper rates than usual, and most respectfully solicit an inspection of our stock.

M. S. MASON & M'DONOUGH.

September 3, 1830.

THE subscribers have entered into partnership for the purpose of carrying on the Foundry and Steam Engine Business, under the firm of

M'CLURG & PRATT.

They beg leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that their Foundry is now in complete operation, immediately above the aqueduct, on the Allegheny river, where they are prepared to execute orders for Castings of every description, in the best manner and with the greatest possible punctuality. Their steam mill, for boring, turning, or grinding heavy castings, is also in operation, and shops for making STEAM ENGINES of any required power, and SUGAR MILLS and machinery of every description.

They feel assured that from their knowledge of the business, in all its branches, their attention and punctuality, they will continue to receive a share of public patronage.

ALEX. M'CLURG,
FRANCIS PRATT.

December 7, 1830—1y

COCHRAN & IRWIN have Removed to Nos. 108 and 110 Second street, near Wood street, adjoining Wetmore & Haven's Queensware store, and J. Park's grocery, where they will be constantly supplied with

Writing, Wrapping and Printing Paper;
Broadcloths, Cassinets, and Jeans;
Plaids, Checks, Tickings;
Brown Sheetings and Cotton Yarn;
Also, Cotton and Union Drillings;
Diaper and Table Linen;
Machine Cards, in sets or in pieces, to order;
(Factories supplied on the shortest notice.)
Wood Screws and Tacks, at eastern prices;
Blanchard's cast steel Corn and Grass Scythes;
Thompson's and Nelson's Sickles;
Lamont's Patent Vices;
Plated Ware for Saddlers;
Window Glass and Hollow Glass, all sizes;
White and Red Lead; Nails; Iron;
And a general assort't of *American Manufactures;*
10 hhds. Leaf Tobacco,
40 bales Cotton, prime quality,
20 hhds. Sugar,
50 bbls. Mackerel, Nos. 1 and 2, for sale as above. April 15—tf

BARTRAM'S Hammered Spades and Shovels, warranted of a superior quality—also, Bartram's Prime Axes, Mattocks, Canal Picks, Hoes, Trace Chains, Log Chains, &c. For sale by H. MAC SHANE,

March 22, 1831.—tf Front street.

120 BARRELS REFINED SUGAR, from the manufactory of N. Goodale, New Orleans, now landing per s. b. Highlander, for sale on consignment, at reduced prices, by COCHRAN & IRWIN, Nos. 108 and 110 Second street, June 17—tf

JOHNSTON & STOCKTON,

Booksellers, Printers,

Book-Binders and Paper Manufacturers.

No. 57, Market Street, Pittsburgh

March 14.—tf.

NOTICE,

To Country Merchants and others, inclining to purchase Cheap Hardware.

THE SUBSCRIBER, having purchased out the Stock of HARDWARE lately kept by R. H. Gray, corner of Fourth and Market streets, Pittsburgh, offers the same for sale at cost and carriage. He will continue to *buy and sell* articles of domestic manufacture in the Hardware line, at the old stand, No. 59.

JAMES GRAY.

March 11—tf Fourth street.

HUGUS'S ARRACK.—An additional supply of this pure Domestic Liquor has been received from the manufacturer, and is now offered for sale by COCHRAN & IRWIN,

June 28. Nos. 108 and 110 Second street.